HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
HUBBUCK'S WHITE LEAD COLOUR and VARNISHES.
HUBBUCK'S PREPARED LIQUID PAINTS.
HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S RINNAUD AND COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES properly packed for exportation.
Beware of counterfeits of Name and Trade Mark.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

NO. 28,276 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1890.

BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

McEWAN'S BEER.
As supplied to all Military Stations.
Rs. 57, per Hhd.
The finest Draught Beer shipped to Australia and the East.
CUTLER, PALMER AND Co., AGENTS.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday.
B.I. PENINSULAR	5045	1000	A. C. Loggin	8th Nov.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	15th "
B.I. ARCADIA	6362	1500	W. B. Andrews	22nd "
† ASSAM	3033	500	W. J. Webber	29th "
B. L. ORIENTAL	5045	1000	E. Stewart	6th Dec.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	13th "
B. L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	20th "
† ASSAM	3033	500	W. J. Webber	27th "
				1891.
B.I. MIRZAPORE	3913	500	R. Harvey	3rd Jan.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	10th "
B.I. THAMES	4112	800	W. A. Seaton	17th "
† ASSAM	3033	500	W. J. Webber	24th "
B.I. SUTLEJ	4203	800	W. D. Worcester	31st "

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipp there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

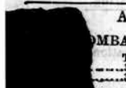
Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captain. about
SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester.	30th Nov.
PEKIN	3908	800	P. Harris	4th Dec.
GANGES	4201	800	T. J. Alderton	18th "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to

H. W. ULOTH.
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 27th October, 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.



THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and vice versa at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.
FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 or First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay :—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO.	5,000	800	10th Nov.
DOMENICO BALDUINO ..	5,000	800	1st Dec.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	29th Dec.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100 respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BISAGNO	On the 8th November, 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 21st Oct. 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Dec. '90
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st Jan. '91

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
ELEKTRA	G. Mahorcich	4,000	600	15th Nov. '90.

Calling at Aden, Massowah, Suakin, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
POSEIDON	L. Lemessich	4,200	600	21st Nov. '90.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 1st November, 1890.

ANCHOR LINE.

OMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
3,969	J. Brown	11th Nov.
3,935	Geo. Read	25th Nov.

THE above steamers have been built specially in view of the Indian trade, and have every comfort for first class passengers.
d Stewardess carried.
particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
d November, 1890.

IFT AND FARROW,

ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY Co., Ld.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY COMPANY the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.
The Cantonment of SECUNDERABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of HYLABAD, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDERABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGA WAUDUM, and TANDUR.
The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.
INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS, and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.
There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India. Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.
Advertisers can select the Station at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charge in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.
Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisements read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling month[ly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.
The Boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.
Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to the Manager of the "*Bombay Gazette*" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED.)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDVIE.

S. S. "KARAGOLA" 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 12th November.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS, CUTCH MANDVIE, KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a.m., on 8th November, calling at Varawal, Mungrole, Cutch Mandvie, Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingeh, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHI DIRECT.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,122 tons, at 11 a.m. on 9th November after arrival of incoming English mail steamer transhipping mails and passengers at Kurrachi to the Persian Gulf Steamers.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHINDWARA," 1,983 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 13th November, at noon calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR KURRACHI, PLYMOUTH, ANTWERP, AND LONDON.

S. S. "KANGRA" 1,978 tons, on or about 10th November.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASSA AND LAMOO.

S. S. "ORIENTAL," 1,496 tons on or about 20th November.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

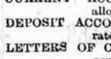
S. S. BUSHEER, 792 tons, on or about 11th November.

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, on or about 8th November.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 7th November, 1890. Agents.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

TOURIST AND GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS.



PASSAGES ENGAGED by P. and O. and all Lines of Steamers FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION, and special attention given to the selection of berths.
THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe, allowing breaks of Journey anywhere *en route*.
INTERPRETERS meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports to assist holders of Cook's Tickets.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued of the value of £20, £10, £5, which are cashed by any of our Agents and Banking Correspondents in all parts of the World.
Drafts issued at the Exchange of the day on our Branch Offices.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at very favourable rates.
A Copy of "COOK'S ORIENTAL TRAVELLERS' GAZETTE," containing latest information of Steamer Sailings, Quarantine, &c., &c., sent free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON,
Bombay, Rampart Row, Calcutta, 11, Old Court House, Street.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).

HEAD OFFICE—47, Threadneedle Street, London.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£933,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£186,500
RESERVE FUND.....£140,000

LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, Ld.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits—
For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable, In London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon, Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£250,000.
HEAD OFFICE :
BATTON COURT, THREAD-NEEDLE STREET, LONDON.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
INTEREST ALLOWED
On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum.
And for shorter periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.
All letters should be addressed, and remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
CAPITAL.....£3,200,000.
LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
LONDON OFFICE, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

E. C. MONOD,
Rampart Row, W. Acting Manager.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS,
BOMBAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest all owed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half year.
DEPOSITS received, subject to 12 months' notice, at 5 per cent. per annum ; for shorter periods rates will be furnished on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta and Madras are sold at the best rate of the day.
REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged and Pay, Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over.
Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.
GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.
REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted, Passages engaged on best terms possible, Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared and all orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.

HENRY, S. KING & CO., LONDON.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....$8,168,062·50
RESERVE FUND.....$5,482,127·20
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS.....$8,168,062·50

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS :
Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman—J. S. MOSES, Esq.

W. G. Brodie, Esq.	B. Layton, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq.	Hon. A. P. MacEwen.
H. H. Forbes, Esq.	S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
H. Hoppius, Esq.	L. Posenecker, Esq.
Hon. J. J. Keswick,	D. R. Sassoon, Esq.

Chief Manager—T. JACKSON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANK

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

Amoy.	Hankow.	Penang.
Bankok.	Hiogo.	Saigon.
Batavia.	Hollo.	San Francisco
Bombay.	Lyons.	Singapore.
Calcutta.	Manila.	Tientsin.
Foochow.	New York.	Yokohama.
Peking.	Hamburg.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. on daily balances, if not under Rs. 500.
On Fixed Deposits for 12 months, at 5 per cent.
Terms for shorter periods on application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Agent
Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane Calcutta.

PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a week, contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports, and other commercial news. Subscription—Rs. 10 per year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

12-BORE CARTRIDGES.

ELEY'S BROWN "FIELD LOADED."
Rs. 8 per 100.
If with Schultz's Powder, Rs. 8-8 per 100.
These Cartridges are perfectly reliable, and materially improve the Shooting of any Gun.

AGENTS FOR SCHULTZ'S POWDER,
TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THE "SIREN" GARDEN PUMP.

THIS Garden Pump is infinitely superior to any other yet introduced. It throws, to a considerable distance, a large stream, which falls in fine rain-like Spray. The Pump works so easily that it can be used by a Lady.

Cash Price, Rs. 5 each.

Sole Agents for the "Siren" Garden Pump for the Bombay Presidency.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.
28, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.
FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.
PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected Free of Commission without Life Certificate.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES and BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for collection.
TELEGRAPHIC and HOME FAMILY Remittances made at the best exchange rate of the day.
STOCK, SHARES, &c., bought and sold, and INVESTMENTS made.
GOVERNMENT PAPER SHARES and other Securities kept for safe custody, and Interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and given at specially favourable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the ORIENTAL and STANDARD Life Offices.
HANDBOOKS sent free on application.
LONDON HOUSE.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
27, LEADENHALL STREET.

FRESH CONSIGNMENT!!!
REAL MANILLA CIGARS.

	Rs. as.
Manilla Cigar No. 1.....per 100	6 0
Do. do. No. 2..... "	5 0
Do. do. No. 3..... "	4 0
Do. Choeroot No. 2..... "	5 0

These cigars are carefully selected and packed in boxes of 100 by our Agent at Manilla and the facilities which are at our command enable us to offer them at lower rates than any offer firm in India.

N. B. DANTRA AND CO.,
FORT, BOMBAY.

SCOTT AND CO., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY SURGEONS.
HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,
By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery & Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers, AT LOOM PRICES!

SAVING 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO.'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery & Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.

EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
and New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres.
All exquisite Fabrics, renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.

SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear,
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain and Salt Water, in Light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT on no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully Packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

READ THIS CAREFULLY.

STRONG, accurated, pretty, open-faced Nickel Silvern, *short winding* Keyless Railway Regulators, of small size, *jewelled enamelled* dials, bold figures and Canadian Gold hands, with tempered machinery and dust tight hinged cases for Rs. 7-8 per V. P.P. with spare glass, spring, box and guarantee. Warranted, to stand rough usage. Can be easily repaired. Have no appearance of cheapness about them. Others sell at double our rates. Mr. A. R. Mehta from Bandora says :—"The Rs. 7-8 watch I purchased from you two years back, gives correct time as yet." Acting Superintendent Government Farm, Khandesh, says :—"A watchmaker has valued your Rs. 7-8 watch for Rs. 15." Mr. J. Sutcliffe, R. W. Fusr. Regt., Lucknow, says :—"Some valued it at Rs. 15, and were completely surprised when I told them it only cost Rs. 7-8." Pretty Canadian Gold Chains, Lockets, Pencils Complete Shirt Studs and Rings set with scientific diamonds, rubies &c., at Rs. 2 each. Mr. J. A. Yelsmore, Satara, says :—"The *best goldsmith* of this place values the chain for Rs. 5 and the locket for Rs. 10." Mr. G. Smith, Salt Inspector, Sanikutla, says :—A German valued the diamond rings at Rs. 50 and the ruby at Rs. 30."

WESTERN INDIA TRADING CO.,
91, Medows Street, Bombay, (above Mrs. Pryor.)

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H. M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co. London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCKS and SHARES.
PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
PASSAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected ; Marine, Fire, and Life.
SUPPLIES of every description procured.
Terms and particulars upon application.
London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co

LETTS'S DIARIES.—1891.

CHEAP OFFICE DIARIES.

		Rs a.
No. 37.	Folio. Universal Diary. A week on a page, interleaved with blotting paper..... 12½ by 8 in.	0 12
" 35.	Octavo. Note-paper size. A week in an opening, with space for Sundays..... 7½ by 4½ "	0 12
	Ditto. interleaved with blotting paper..... " "	1 2
" 34.	Quarto. Six days to a page, Sundays at foot, interleaved with blotting paper..... 10 by 8 "	0 12
" 33.	Quarto. A week in an opening, with space for Sundays..... 10 by 8 "	1 0
" "	Ditto interleaved with blotting paper..... " "	1 8
" 32.	Folio. Foolscap size. A week on a page..... 12½ by 8 "	1 4
" "	Ditto ditto interleaved with blotting paper..... " "	1 8
" 31.	Folio, Foolscap size. A week in an opening with space for Sundays. 12½ by 8 "	1 2
No. 31	Ditto ditto interleaved with blotting paper..... 12½ by 8 in.	1 14.

CLOTH BOUND DIARIES.

		Rs. a.
No. 15.	Long, Narrow Octavo. A week in an opening ..... 7½ by 3 in.	1 10
" 13.	Small Octavo ditto ditto ..... 6½ by 3½ "	1 10
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" 11.	Octavo. Note-paper size. A week in an opening ..... 7½ by 5 "	2 12
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Athenæum	12 0	13 0	14 0
British Medical Journal	23 0	24 8	26 0
Broad Arrow	21 8	22 8	23 8
Builder	24 0	26 0	28 0
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Cassell's Saturday Journal	10 8	11 8	12 8
Church Review	8 0	9 0	10 0
Colonies and India	14 0	15 0	16 0
Cyclist	8 0	9 0	10 0
Economist	30 0	32 0	34 0
Engineer	30 0	32 0	34 0
Engineering	30 0	32 0	34 0
English Mechanic and World of Science	10 0	11 0	12 0
Fair Play	12 0	13 0	14 0
Field	32 0	32 0	34 0
Fun (with Almanac)	8 0	9 0	10 0
Funny Folks (with one extra No.)	8 0	9 0	10 0
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Illustrated Bits	8 0	9 0	10 0
Illustrated London News (with Summer and 'Xmas. Nos.)	23 0	24 0	25 0
Illustrated Police News	8 0	9 0	10 0
Do. Sporting and Dramatic News (with Christmas No).	22 0	23 0	24 0
Illustrated Penny Paper (with Christmas No.)	8 0	9 0	10 0
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Punch (with Almanac)	12 0	13 0	14 0
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Dublin Medical Journal	14 0	15 0	18 8
Edinburgh do do	14 0	15 0	18 8
English Illustrated Magazine (with & 'Xmas. Nos.)	4 8	5 8	8 0
Family Herald	3 8	4 8	7 0
Family Reader	4 0	5 0	9 0
Fortnightly Review	18 0	20 0	24 0
Gentleman's Magazine	8 8	9 8	13 8
Girls' Own Paper (with Summer & 'Xmas Nos.	4 8	5 8	8 8
Great Thoughts	5 0	6 0	8 8
Glasgow Medical Journal	14 0	15 0	18 8
Good Words (with 'Xmas. Nos.)	4 0	5 0	8 8
Harper's Magazine	8 8	9 8	15 8
Horological Journal	4 0	5 0	9 0
Illustrated Carpenter & Builder	4 0	5 0	8 8
International Journal of Medical Science	18 0	14 0	18 0
Irish Monthly	4 0	5 0	6 8
Knowledge	5 0	6 0	7 8
Ladies' Treasury	4 0	5 0	9 0
Lamp	4 0	5 0	6 8
Leisure Hour	3 8	4 8	8 0
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London Journal (with 'Xmas. No.)	5 8	7 8	11 0
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National Review	18 0	20 0	24 0
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Nineteenth Century	18 0	20 0	24 0
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Practitioner	11 0	12 8	14 8
Practical Family Dress-maker	3 0	4 0	8 0
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Punch (monthly)	11 8	12 8	14 8
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Review of Reviews	5 8	6 8	10 0
Railway Official Gazette	2 8	3 0	6 0
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St. Nicholas	7 8	9 0	13 0
Sunday at Home	4 40	5 0	8 0
Sylvia's Home Journal (with 'Xmas No.)	4 0	5 0	9 0
Temple Bar	7 8	8 8	13 8
Textile Journal of Fabrics	9 0	11 0	13 8
Do. Manufacturer	9 0	10 8	19 8
Do. World	6 0	7 0	8 8
Westminister Review	18 0	20 0	24 0
Weldon's Ladies' Journal	3 0	4 0	6 8
Do. Journal of Costume	3 0	4 0	8 0
Do Bazaar Children' Fashion	2 0	3 0	4 8
Do Illustrated Dress-maker	2 0	3 0	4 8
Do. Practical Needle Work	3 0	4 0	8 0
Woman's World	8 8	9 8	14 8
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QUARTERLY.			
Asiatic Quarterly Review	15 0	16 0	16 8
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Hindoos	179	98	4	53	32	22	47	435
Jews	13	1	..	..	..	..	8	22
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Portuguese	135	92	..	..	..	15	12	254
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DON'T MISS TO SEE THESE CLEVER PEOPLE.

PRICES AS USUAL.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Public that the partnership hitherto carried on by the undersigned in Bombay and several other places in India under the name, style and firm of Messrs. Tricumjee Mooljee and Company, has been this day voluntarily dissolved and all persons claiming from or owing to the said firm of Messrs. Tricumjee Mooljee and Company, any sum or sums of money are hereby required to receive from and pay to the undersigned in Dongry Coly Street, Mandvee Bunder, such sum or sums of money within one month from the date hereof.

Dated this 6th day of November, 1890.

(સહી) લખ્ખમશી ગોવંદજી હેમરાજ.
i. e. LUKHAMSEY GOVINDJEE HEMRAJ,
(સહી) ગોવંદજી શામજી.
i. e. GOVINDJEE SHAMJEE,
(સહી) ધારશી વેરશી.
i. e. DHARSEY VERSEY,
(સહી) રાઘેશી લખ્ખમશી.
i. e. RAISEY LUKHAMSEY,

TO BE LET, from 1st December, a COOL RESIDENCE, in Dean Lane, Fort, at present occupied by A. Misrahai, Esq. Rent Rs. 90. Apply to

E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Streeet. House Agent.

TO BE LET, two HOUSES on the Gowalia Tank Road, suitable for Shops or Dwelling-house. Apply to

E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, Spacious and Cool OFFICES, SHOPS, and RESIDENCES is the new Buildings on the old Secretariat Premises. For further particulars apply to

E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

BALMATHA WEAVING ESTABLISHMENT, MANGALORE.

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Damask	Table Cloth	5½ ft. by 5½ ft.	3	4
Do.	do.	5½ by 7½	4	6
Do.	do.	6 by 8	5	6
Do.	do.	6½ by 8	6	0
Do.	do.	7 by 7	5	8
Do.	do.	7 by 9	7	0
Do.	do.	7½ by 7½	6	4

Shikar Cloth from 12½ to 15 annas per yard, width 27 inches; length 28 yards.

WARDEN & Co.,
Sole Agents.

THE COLABA LAND AND MILL COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ELEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Colaba Land and Mill Company, Ld., will be held at the Office of N. M. Wadia, Esq., Nos. 4 and 5, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 17th November, 1890, at 3-30 p.m. to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1890.
2. To sanction payment of a Dividend.
3. To appoint a Director in the place of Mr. Burjorjee Rustomjee Mody, who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election.
4. To confirm the appointments of Messrs. James Douglas and Nusserwanjee Sorabjee Jamsetjee as Auditors for the last year in conformity with Section 123 of the Company's Articles of Association.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
6. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 10th November, 1890 to MONDAY, the 17th November, 1890, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
K. R. CAMA,
Secretary.
Victoria Bundor, Colaba, Bombay, 7thNovember, 1890.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AT the ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation, called for MONDAY, the 10th instant, Captain W. P. Walshe has been proposed as a member of the Standing Committee by Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Bart., C.S.I., seconded by the Hon'ble Mr. Framjibhoy Visram, (2) motions to the following effect will be moved (a) by Thomas Blaney, Esq. "That letter from the Under-Secretary to Government, forwarding Government Resolution, No. 1265, of 23rd May 1890 on the subject of overbridges be read and recorded &c."

(*b*) by T. B. Kirkham, Esq. "That the Corporation do authorize the Joint Schools' Committee to take over the Sir Mangaldas Nathubhoy Gujarati Hindu Girls' School on the terms and conditions of the trust, &c."

(*c*) by the Hon'ble Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik, "That this Corporation, before proceeding to sanction the establishment applied for by the Commissioner, resolves to appoint a Committee to inquire into the various points discussed in the report of the Commissioner, relative to the present system of collection of Municipal rates and taxes and of checks and counter-checks, and into the existing strength of the Assessment, Collection and Audit Departments, &c, &c."

(*d*) by R. N. Khory, Esq. "That, as suggested by the Commissioner in his report, a Committee be appointed to investigate and report on the subject of recent defalcations, particularly with a view to considering whether the existing manual of assessment accounts is susceptible of improvement and Whether the establishment of the department including in it that which the Commissioner has applied for is adequate or not, &c., &c."

(*e*) by Thomas Blaney Esq. "That, in recording the letter from the Under-Secretary to Government, P.W. Department, the Corporation agrees to accept definitely that any expenditure entailed in the acquisition of additional land, injury to property and allied charges in the construction of the Falkland Road overbridge will be met by the Municipality."

(*f*), by Ditto "That the Commissioner be requested to report whether it is desirable that, in future, admission into the service of the Municipality of persons entering the subordinate grades should be made under the "Rules for regulating the admission of candidates into the lower grades of the public service," &c.

(*g*) By Ditto. "That the President be requested to apply to Government for a copy of replies or reports which may have been received by Government to the letter of the Commissioner, addressed to the Municipal Secretary, in reference to Government Resolutions No. 239 M. W.—2035 of 1889, No. 1215 B, of 1889."

(*h*) by Balchandra K. Bhatawadekar Esqr. "That, as the registration of births in Bombay is very defective, the Corporation deem it desirable that it be placed under the direct supervision of the Superintendent of Vaccination, with a view to securing more accurate registration of births," &c. &c.

(*i*) By Ditto. "That the Commissioner be requested to report to the Corporation whether any and what means will be adopted in addition to, or in substitution of, those now authorized by him for the prevention of the deaths of Municipal servants when working in the sewers."

(*j*) By Capt W. P. Walshe. "That letter, dated 3rd instant, from Mr. Raghunath Narayen Khote, C. I. E., resigning his seat as a member of the Corporation, be recorded," &c &c.

And (*k*) By Rai Bahadur Lachmun Singh. "That the Commissioner be requested to consult the Standing Committee as to the advantage of improving the lighting system of the kerosine oil lamps now in use by substituting *Kosmos* burners in place of the existing lamps."

DOUGLAS BENNETT,
Acting Municipal Secretary.
Bombay, Municipal Corporation Office, 7th November 1890.

SERVANTS' CLOTHING

SERVANTS' CLOTHING
FOR
BROADCLOTHS, SERGES, TWEEDS AND BLANKETING,
Of all colours and prices and suitable for all grades of servants,
APPLY TO THE
ELGIN MILLS,
CAWNPORE.

A CARD.

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HURJEEMULL & COMPANY,
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FOR LADIES.
ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT. FOR ACCOUCHEMENT AND GENERAL USE.

An Eminent Medical Authority writes:—"One of the most valuable inventions for Women's comfort I have seen in the Quarter of a Century I have been in practice, I have distributed several gross amongst my patients, and in every instance they have been most valued and appreciated."

A Desideratum of the highest importance, increased comfort, cleanliness: Less Liability to Chill when in delicate health. Diminution of Risks of Disease—No washing—Advantage to Ladies travelling.

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BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.

Special Wholesale and Retail Agents for the Bombay Presidency: Treacher and Co., Ld., Bombay, Byculla and Poona. *For the Bengal Presidency:* Bathgate and Co. Calcutta. *Agents in the Punjab:* Ball Nabobsun and Co., Umballa. *Agents in Lucknow:* Peake Allen & Co., *Agents in the Bombay Presidency:* Thomson & Taylor Bombay; Cooper, Madon & Co., Ld., Bombay; Kemp and Co., Ld. Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Mr. S. J. Noble Bombay. *Agents for Kurrachee and Sind:* E. Speechly Pharmaceutical Chemist, Kurrachee. Plomer and Co Lahore.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—No exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PEROSHAW, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to H. E. Lord Reay, late Governor of Bombay.

PATENT DARNING WEAVERS, in two sizes, Rs 2-8 and Rs 4 each. PEOPLE'S BUTTONS. One Rupee per box of six dozen. Punkah Thong 5 As. per yard.—BROWNE BROTHERS, 23, Parel Road, Byculla.

WONDERFULLY CHEAP, CHEAPEST EVER OFFERED small decent travelling TIMEPIECES, fitted in a nice morrocco velvet lined case, with lever movements, guaranteed to keep perfect time Price Rs. 6 only.—JEHANGIR C. COWASJEE, Watchmaker and Jeweller 97, Medows Street.

POCKET ANEROIDS, or Barometers, measuring altitudes from 10 to 20,000 feet, in nickel silver and standard silver cases, shape and size of a Watch, at Rs. 25, Rs. 30, Rs. 35, Rs. 40, Rs. 55, Rs. 65 to Rs. 130.—MARCKS & Co., Lt., Opticians, Bombay and Poona.

LADIES SUN UMBRELLAS.—Covered White or Buff Lined Green or Self-Over ribs, Stout Steel Frames, Good Natural Handles and Sticks. Rs. 4-8 CASH or V. P. P.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Lt., Bombay.

RANSOME'S Celebrated LAWN MOWERS. "The Automaton." "The World." "The New Paris," 10, 12, 14 and 16 inches. In Stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Marine Street, Bombay.

TO BE SOLD—A boat shaped phaeton in good condition upholstered in best Morroco leather with the usual knock-about fittings. The Lumper" quiet to ride and drive. Price for turn out complete with harness—Rs. 850 or would be sold separately. Apply—"G. F. H." Care of this Office.

PLEASE NOTE.—Our Latest Novelties in 'Xmas Cards, 'Xmas Toys, Dolls and Fancy Goods are coming by every Mail. Early inspection solicited.—SHROFF BROTHERS, Fort, Hornby Row, Bombay.

MONEY SENT on SECURITY at No. 1, Chucla Street, Bombay, opposite Crawford Market. Apply to MANAGER.

PROF. NOTT BARNES'S BANJO STUDIO and Sale Rooms, 31, Elphinstone Circle, (late Green Street). The finest stock of Banjos in India. Prospectus on application.

TO LET.—An UPPER STORIED BUNGALOW, now under occupation of W. C. Bagnall, Esq., from 1st December, 1890, situated on Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill.—Apply to COWASJEE DADY LIMJEE, Cumballa Hill.

NATIVE ART POTTERY.—Wonderland School of Art Compound. Collections large or small suitable for Xmas Presents to friends at Home.

WANTED, a Second Class ENGINEER experienced in working Presses and Gins. Apply to MOFUSSIL COMPANY, Limited, 15, Rampart Row.

WANTED from January 1st, 1891, a European or Eurasian CLERK, to act also as Junior Cathedral Verger, a parishioner preferred. Must be a church man. Applications, by letter only, enclosing testimonials to be addressed to the Venerable the Archdeacon of Bombay, the Cathedral Vestry, from whom particulars as to pay &c. can be obtained.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL.—I have been a boarder in the Alexandra Hotel from May 17th to date (2 months). I came very sick from Hospital and leave in good health. This I consider, is entirely owing to the good food I have invariably had, and the kind attention that was paid during my sickness. I cannot speak too highly of either.—C. M. JACKSON.

ON VIEW.—At Pali Hill Road, Bandora, Mr. A. W. MACKENZIE'S Furniture, Piano, Pony cart, Garden, &c., TO BE SOLD on Sunday' the 9th instant.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

CLEARANCE SALE of Ladies' Fans, Writing Cases, Hand Bags, &c., Selling at half the marked prices.—PEARSE, Church Gate Street.

FULL SIZE COTTON BALING PRESS with Hydraulic Pumps, &c., Complete FOR SALE by Dobson and Barlow, Bolton. Apply for Particulars and Price to MANAGER, Bone and Cotton Cleaning Mills, Thanna

POONA HOTEL, POONA.—Is a first-class upper storied Hotel in Poona. It is most centrally situated. Rooms bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate Sitting room. Terms moderate.

RIPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—Open from October. Most central situation. Best accommodation and first-class cuisine. Rooms facing west.—Cook's Hotel Coupons accepted.

A EUROPEAN LADY wishes to give Tuition Daily in English (6th Standard) Parisean, French, Music, Singing. Highest Testimonials. Address "93" care of this Office.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!—The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding, Festivities, &c., Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

CLEARANCE SALE.—Books, Stationery, Photograph Frames and Albums, Colored Pictures, Christmas Cards, &c., &c., MONDAY, 10th to SATURDAY, 15th November at the BOMBAY TRACT & BOOK SOCIETY'S DEPOT, opposite Money School.

FOR SALE.—COTTON and LEATHER BELTINGS, single 1" at 4", and double 4" at 6". Apply to the GODOWN-KEEPER, Messrs. N. P. NATHAN'S SONS, 71, Apollo Street.

FOR SALE.—One Crighton's Double SCUTCHER of 1888. Can be seen in working order at the Company's Mill, Byculla. For Particulars and Price apply to MILL MANAGER, Khatau Makanjee Spinning and Weaving Co., Limited.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY BRED, light chestnut Mare 13-3. Age 6 years. Light built and very active. A very good racer and POL

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Name.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	6 pr. ct.	945
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	975
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	910
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	125
Chartr. Bank	40,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£23
Chas. Mercan.	20,000	£25	£25	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank					
Imperial Bank	60,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	87,500	£25	£12	5 pr. ct.	160
New Oriental Bank	80,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	160

MISCELLANEOUS.

Name.				Last half-yearly.	
Apollo Lab. Iron	1,000	200	200	10	212½
Bank Building	750	150	150	7½	160
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	50
Bombay Press	2,000	100	100	12	90
Barry Bros.	2,50,000	200	185	18	39
Borse Oil Mills	1,200	100	All.	Nil.	100 nom
Co. (Ltd.)					
Bombay Fire Insurance	800	2,500	1,000	70	750
Bombay Steam. nah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	135	3,425
Do. New Issue	1,000	375	625	33⅓	355
Bombay Mfg. Co. Ld.	3,250	100	100	5	93
Bombay Land and Building Co. Ld.	600	500	500	6 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	315
Deccan Iron (Ld.)	1,120	100	100	5 pr. ct.	20
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	425
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	2,500	200	200	Rs. 11	162½
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	1,000	7½ pr. ct.	1,000
Garot & Co., Ld.	500	100	70	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety-ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	11½
Indian Fire Insurance Co	250	4,000	1,000	90	1,100
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	75 exd
Kamu & Co.	4,000	200	175	35½	302½
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co.	600	500	300	30	90
Maharanee of Mandautpur Sugar Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	50
Marcks & Co. Ld.	6,000	100	100	Rs. 5	65
Napier Foundry	5,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	50
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	180
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	68
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	355
Prince of Wales Piers.	250	18,000	1,000	N dvd	1,600
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	63
Soundry & Co.	1,000	100	100	..	80
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	..	70
Thacker and Co	2,000	500	all	85	990
Thacker & Co.	1,530	100	100	10	92
Telephone Co.	9,250	25	25	5-8	11½
Western India Flour					71

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Name.				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	800	1,000	1,000	90	1400
Alliance	1,500	1,000	Ball	20	440
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	2	70
Belsary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	₹ pr.ct.	650
Bombay United	800	1,000	1,000	25	650
BombayCotton Manfg Co.	800	500	500	20	355xd
Central India	3,750	500	500	65	922½
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	875
Gonnaughat	800	500	500	Rs. 25	520
Globe Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	20	565
Gloria Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	440
David Mill	11,400	500	500	Rs. 20	460
Dhuria Mills	11,000	1,000	1,000	50	725
Empress	2,100	all	all	Rs. 25	505
Framjee Petit	41,250	1,000	1,000	15	415xd
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	100
Hindustan	876	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	730
Hingughat Mill	700	500	500	40	600
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25	510
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	730
ImperialCotton	800	500	500	..	320
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	875
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	Rs. 25	520 xd
Jaffer Alli	800	500	500	Nil.	347
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,000	250	250	10	225
Jewraj Balco.	1,000	1,000	1,000	25	746xd
Jubilee Mills Co. Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	550xd
Khandesh	750	1,000	11,000	30	615
Khangaum Manfg. Co.	400	250	250	Nil.	200 nom
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	550
Leopold	3,500	100	100	Rs. 10	163
Linkuidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	790
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	1,930xd
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	310
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	Rs. 50	1,125
Mazagon	5,000	250	250	0	95
Moraji Gouldas	1,000	1,000	1,000	70	1,685
Mahaniya Mysore S & M Co.	4,500	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	17
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	20	615
Oriental	6,750	625	625	10	325
People of India	1,000	250	250	Nil.	10
Presidency Mills Co. Ld.	743	1,000	1,000	35	1,005 x d
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,400
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,325
Soundercas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	380
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	120
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12	220 x d
Sun Mills, Ld.	41,300	250	250	Nil.	240
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	560
Swadeshi Mills	15,000	500	500	Nil.	340
Victoria Mills	450	1,000	1,000	24	300
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	630
QueenMills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	680
Ripon Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1,025
Lord Reay Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	20	540

PRESS COMPANIES.

Name.				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	7	1,050 xd
Albert Gimbing Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	815
Apollo	750	2,400	2,400	₹ Nil.	305
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	410
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	20	167½
Bombay National Manfg. Co. Ld.	500	21,000	1,000	..	530
Brodie Caseypore Press Co. Ld.	500	200	200	16	90
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	55	405
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,290
English Press and Manfg.	400	250	..	Rs. 20	170
French	150	8,500	8,500	150	1,100 xd
Harvey and Sabapathy	300	500	all	20	340 xd
Hengoli Press Co. Ld.	750	100	all	..	165
Khangaum	240	450	450	54	400 xd
Mahindpure Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	300	500	500	pr. ct.	550
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	10	60 xd
Motiwati Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	430
Munmar M.	1,000	250	all	Rs. 15	165
New Burar	1,200	500	500	45	530
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	92½
Prince of Wales	662	500	500	40	385
Sabapathy (Solitary)	500	500	500	50	120
Sassoon	300	500	500	2	500
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	1,000	25	1,150
Sind	400	2,000	750	50	510
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	..	235
Volkart	..	1,000	..	Rs. 30	665

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Name.				Last half-yearly	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	..	£100	All	5 p.c.	2,400
P. B. & C. I. R. New Shares	£18	£18	..	do.	460

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 13-6
Carolas	,, 230
Mexican Dollars	,, 224
Five-Franc Pieces	,, 245
Bar Silver, 17½ bottomess	,, 106-8
Gold Leaf	,, 21-4
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	,, 21-4
Australian Gold, 100 touch	,, 21-2
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	,, 21
Pekin do.	,, 20-10

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	103
Four-and-a-half per cent	106½
Municipal 5 per cent. Debentures Loans	104½
Six per cent. Municipal Loan (House Rate	104 nom.
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872	..
City of Paris Loan	220
Port Trust Bonds	99½

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.		Rate.
London Banks	On demand	...	1s. 6d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	...	1s. 5-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months' sight	...	1s. 6 13-32d.
Do. do.	4 Do.	do...	1s. 6 15-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do...	1s. 6 19-32d.
Do. Credit	3 Do.	do...	1s. 6 9-16d.
Do. do.	4 Do.	do...	1s. 6 25-32d.
Do. Documents	3 Do.	do...	1s. 6 19-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do...	1s. 6 13-16d.
France	3 Do.	do...	196
Do.	4 Do.	do...	197
Calcutta	At sight		100 3-32
Do.	60 days	do...	99½
Madras	At sight		100½
Do.	30 days	do...	99½
China	30 days	do...	217

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of Farringdon-road, London.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Albert Press Company, 1 p.m.
Sind Press Company, 3 p.m.
Departure of Lord Harris for Surat, Grant Road Station, 9-35 p.m.
Rifle Meeting, Bandora.
Departure of English mail, per s. s. Péninsular, 2 p.m.
Framji Cowasjee Institute, Readings from Shahnama, 8 p.m.
Indian Christian Temperance Band at Parel, 4-30 p.m.
Football, Rovers' vs. Royal Artillery, 4-30 p.m.
Anglo-Vernacular School, Dongree, Distribution Prizes 3-30 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.
Great Indian Circus, 9 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Nurjehan (s), from Calcutta; Dunkeld (s), Cardiff; and Boa Pan (barque), Bankok.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Thames (s), for China, &c.; and Henry Bolckow (s), Jeddah, &c.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s. Thames left the dock yesterday.

DEPARTURE OF A RAJA.—The Raja of Ittoba who arrived in Bombay, on the 2nd instant, returned to his State by train, on Tuesday night.

THE D. M. PETIT HOSPITAL.—The total number of patients treated during the last month was 5,242; daily average, 169, and total of new patients, 945.

KHOJA FAIR.—The annual Khoja Fair, in Upper Mahim, in commemoration of the death of Husain Peer, will commence to-morrow, and continue for four days.

THE HOUSING OF LEPERS.—Fifteen lepers were yesterday morning removed in Municipal carts to the Arthur Road Hospital, in the 3rd Pinjarapole Lane.

INDIAN CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE BAND.—There will be a public gathering, in connection with the I. C. T. Band to-day (Saturday), at 4-30 p.m., at the B. B. and C. I. Railway Institute, Parel.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 18th October, 1890, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1889 of 157,080 maunds, and Rs. 15,199 in the earnings.

FALL FROM A TREE.—Gulam Husain Shaik Abdulla, a young Mahomedan lad, yesterday afternoon, while climbing a tree, slipped and fell 15 feet to the ground. He was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where his wounds were dressed.

PRIZE-DISTRIBUTION.—The distribution of prizes to the boys and girls of the Government Second Grade Anglo-Vernacular School, Dongree, near the old Police Office, Mazagon, will take place this afternoon at 3-30. Dr. T. Blaney has consented to preside.

READINGS FROM THE "SHAH NAMEH"—Mr. Muncherji Munsukh will give the second reading from Firdusi's "Shah Nameh," or the History of the Ancient Parsee Kings, this day, at 8 p.m., at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute. We hear that a large number of tickets have already been taken up.

PROFESSOR NOTT BARNES.—Professor J. E. Nott Barnes has, as will be seen from an advertisement, returned to Bombay after a tour through India as far as Simla, where during the past season, banjo-playing owing to his efforts became very popular. He is now ready to continue his tuition in Bombay.

A CASE OF POISONING.—A Baniah, named Esvurdas Nagindas, was brought into the J. J. Hospital yesterday morning, from Boyee Wada, unconscious, from an overdose of opium. He is 23 years of age, and grave doubts are entertained of his recovery. He is supposed to have attempted suicide owing to family troubles.

UNHAPPY WEDDING DAY.—Suleeman Rustomkhan, a fruitseller of Bhendi Bazaar, was late yesterday evening, admitted into the J. J. Hospital, with several injuries on his body. He had got ready for his marriage, when some of his guests, who had been drinking too much, had an altercation with his brother, and belaboured the bridegroom most unmercifully. The patient is progressing.

ROVERS' F. C. VS. ROYAL ARTILLERY.—A match will be played on the Cooperage between the above teams at 4-30 this evening. The following, who will represent the Rovers, are requested to be punctual:—Goal—H. Ford; backs—H. Watson and L. Crowley; half-backs—A. R. Sharp, C. W. Lauder, and G. Claridge; forwards—A. Brown, D. Bowie, C. Brown, (captain), G. Derry, and W. G. Nicoll.

DROWNED IN A TANK.—Late in the evening of the 6th instant, the day on which the Coroner held an inquest on the body of a Mussulman, a man appeared, and owned deceased as his brother, Esaf Fariya, aged 40 years. He stated that deceased had shown symptoms of insanity for seventeen months past. He was last seen in a stable, in Tank Street, on leaving which he told the inmates he was going to his prayers.

RECEIVING BRIBES.—Inspector C. R. Jefferies, of the G. I. P. Railway Police, before Mr. Hamilton, at the Girgaum Police Court, appeared yesterday, with a charge against police havildar Shaik Shahbudin Chand, of receiving an illegal gratification contrary to section 161 I. P. C. It would appear that accused received a bribe on the 11th ultimo from certain persons, permitting them to enter within the railway workshop premises, contrary to rules, so that they might pick mongst the sweepings every day.

ENTICING A MARRIED WOMAN.—A Hindu, named Vitu Narayen Jadhow, yesterday charged Huri Tulsiram with enticing away his lawful wife, Bubbee, with criminal intent, while they happened to be living in the same chawl, as neighbours. Accused had also to answer the charge of abetting in the commission of the offence of theft, as it would appear the wife carried away some of her husband's property with her. His Worship Mr. Hamilton, by whom accused was tried at the Girgaum Police Court, fined him Rs. 50, in default of payment rigorous imprisonment for a period of two months.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the Marine Battalion will play the following programme at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this evening, at 5-45 p.m.:—

March	Thy voice is near—M. Curry.
Overture	Tancredi—Rossini.
Grand Selection	Lucia di Lammermoor—Donizetti.
Valse	Rhoda—Bucalossi.
Cavatina	Thy Lost Watch—Pinsuti.
Galop	Wonnertrunker—C Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THEFTS.—Askma, a woman, residing in 15th Kamateepoora Lane, has reported to the police that she has had stolen from her six silver toe rings, of the value of Rs. 13.—Mary Jussina Carroll, a boarder in the Convent, at Clare Road, has also reported the theft of a silver mug, with a monogram engraved thereon, valued at Rs. 30.—William Gresham, the Chief Officer of the s.s. Clive, has charged Patrick Murphy, stevedore's foreman on board that vessel with the theft of a bag of sugar, priced at Rs. 23. It would appear Murphy went to another hatch, and ordered the sugar bag to be hoisted on with the plea that the officer wished to see it. The bag was accordingly lowered on deck and rolled forward, and subsequently found stowed away in the forecastle.

ASSAULT.—Shahbudin Ruffai yesterday charged Noor Mahomed Habiboola and Futiya Fyzudeen, with, on the 21st ultimo, assaulting him with a stick on the head. The plea of the accused was that he was drunk with some of his friends, and meeting complainant on the road, asked for the money due to him. The complainant assaulted him. A scuffle ensued, in which his head bumped against complainant's mouth. He had no stick. The evidence proved animosity, which accused gratified on getting a chance of being along on a road with complainant, who being discharged from Hospital in three days, after slight injury, Mr. Hamilton, the Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court, sentenced the first accused to three months; and the second to six week's rigorous imprisonment.

IMPORTANT SEIZURE OF PROPERTY.—Two men, named Mahomed Nabekhan and Mahomed Wazeer, were placed before Mr. Richardson, at the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, on a charge of having in their possession gold, diamond, and pearl jewellery and gold ornaments, of the collective value of Rs. 23,520, and being unable to satisfactorily account for the same. The accused were arrested on Thursday evening on Pydownee Road, in consequence of information received by the police, when they made contradictory statements as to the ownership of the property, which they said they had brought to Bombay from Moradabad, a station on the borders of the Rampore State. As the police wished to make further enquiries and to communicate with the up-country authorities, the case was adjourned, the accused being liberated on bail, in the sum of Rs. 20,000.

ASSAULT WITH A KNIFE.—A woman, named Mustanbee before Mr. Hamilton, at the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday charged Hajee Jooma Ismael with assault. Accused entered the woman's room, in a threatening attitude with a knife in his hand. When she attempted to take the weapon from him, he got her down and kneeling on her endeavoured to pull the knife out of her hand when a man in answer to the daughter's cries for help ran to the woman's assistance, and secured him. From the evidence it appeared the quarrel originated in family disagreements, and the complainants hands were badly cut from grasping the blade. The accused's plea is that he had gone to sharpen his knife, and then went to his brother's house. It being shut, he returned by complainants' house. She was seated on the threshold with her daughter and on sighting the knife she rushed on and grasped it. A struggle ensued, and she fell back, her hand in the struggle getting cut. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

WORDSWORTH MEMORIAL FUND.

THE following subscriptions have been paid into the Bank of Bombay:—Sir Dinshaw Manockji Petit, Bart., Rs. 200; Messrs. Framji D. Petit and brother, K. M. Chatfield, J. T. Hathornthwaite, N. G. Chandavarkar, Ramchandra Govind Oak, Shankar Pandurang Pandit, and S. B. Pirinji, each Rs. 100; Mr. C. E. G. Crawford, Sir Jamshedji Jeejeebhoy, Bart., and Professor F. G. Selby, each Rs. 50; Messrs. M. M. Keeka and others, Rs. 40; Mr. W. Lee-Warner, Rs. 30; Messrs. Damodurdas Gordhandas, M. H. Hakim, B. J. Padsha, and A. J. Billimoria, each Rs. 25; Messrs. Jivanji Jamshedji Mody, Adarji and Rastamji M. Dalal, R. M. Gini, Lalcaca, and B. A. Entee, each Rs. 10; Doosbhoy B. Kharas, Rs. 5; a total Rs. 1,275.

A SUIT FOR MAINTENANCE.

YESTERDAY, at the Girgaum Police Court, before Mr. Hamilton, an Eurasian, named John Abbott, was called on to answer a charge of cruelty to, and non-maintenance of, his wife, who said that on the 27th ultimo, he came homedrunk as usual, threatened to stab her with a knife, but, throwing it away, struck her with his fist, when she ran upstairs, and took refuge with Mrs. Wilson. She oftentimes used to previously make her escape from his assaults. She had suffered perfect misery during the two years she was wedded to him. They were married in Aurungabad, and had lost their only child. He was her third husband, and she was his second wife. They lately had arrived from Nagpore, where accused was a railway clerk. He was always losing appointments through drink. They lived with her sister, Mrs. Brown, at Byculla, till matters became so unbearable by the accused begging money and drinking if he could not earn money to do so, that Mrs. Brown turned him out. He sought shelter in the Strangers' Home.

Emily Moon said that on the night in question she was disturbed at midnight, as she lived just above the Abbots, when Mrs. Abbot came running up, her husband following, who abused, and struck her. This was no unusual occurrence ever since the arrival of the accused.

Mrs. Brown said she was sister to Mrs. Abbott, and put the Abbotts up for a month and a half. Witness was disgusted with the accused's abusing and striking her sister under the influence of liquor ever since he came to Bombay. She confirmed the occurrence of the 27th ultimo.

Mrs. Wilson corroborated the foregoing evidence.

The complainant and accused each put in a letter here, which were not read in court.

Accused denied the charge, and said he had found work since going to the Strangers' Home. He was now a "wharfage grainger."

His Worship: What do you mean by that?

Witness: I regulate the traffic, your Worship.

Witness continued he received Rs. 30 a month. Was employed on the 4th instant. He was turned out by Mrs. Brown, and had to go to the Strangers' Home. He would beg his Worship to note, that Mr. Brown was not present, nor yet Mrs. Hendricks, his mother-in-law.

Mrs. Moon (interrupting): Mr. Brown is not our caste, and he does not know English.

Mrs. Brown (interposing): My husband is a Chinaman, and my mother a native. They don't know English. My husband is a sickly man, and he has gone up-country.

Accused next made an imputation on Mrs. Wilson's character, on which she sprang to her feet and asked him to prove it. He added that Mrs. Moon lived with an engine-driver.

Accused then handed a photographic group of his former wife and family, and begged his Worship to look at it, and judge of his former respectability. The print was returned.

His Worship: There is no doubt you are greatly addicted to intemperate habits.

Complainant added that he was bound down to keep the peace in Aurungabad, but broke it in two days, burning up the bond she kept. He often had signed pledges against drink, but could never keep them.

Accused, to his wife: Don't you drink? Doesn't your sister drink?

Mrs. Brown: I take one peg; not like you. You are jealous.

His Worship ordered the accused to pay a sum of Rs. 10 per mensem to the complainant towards her maintenance.

THE GOLA LANE STABBING CASE.

HORMUSJEE RUSTOMJEE, the aged Parsee railway carpenter, who stabbed his wife and then himself last Tuesday night, died yesterday, at the G. T. Hospital, and an inquest was held in the evening, when a verdict of suicidal death, caused by the infliction of a wound in the abdomen by himself was returned. The resident medical officer, Dr. John Gallaghar, said, deceased was brought to the hospital by Police Inspector Ellis and peon No. A542 from the Fort, at 10-15 p.m., on the 4th instant. He was then conscious, but in a state of collapse. On examination, an incised wound was found to penetrate the abdominal cavity. There was free bleeding going on from the wound. Deceased was admitted into the hospital, and was progressing favourably up to 8 o'clock on the night of the 5th when, under a fit of coughing, there was a return of hemorrhage; and about noon on Thursday peritonitis set in, and he died at 12 o'clock yesterday. He was of opinion that death was due to peritonitis, the result of an incised and penetrating wound of the abdomen.

A NEW LEGISLATIVE COUNCILS BILL.

THE London correspondent of the *Hindu*, who is sure to know what is being done in these matters, says that a new and amended Legislative Councils Bill has been prepared in the interests of the Congress party. He says:—

In respect to the Indian Reform Legislation of next session Mr. Bradlaugh, with his customary astuteness, has hit upon an effective plan. He proposes to plough with Lord Cross's heifer. Next week I am promised a copy of the Bill which the member for India will get read a first time before the end of November next. If I can I will send you this copy. You will then perceive what I mean when I say that the Congress representative proposes to plough with Lord Cross's heifer. Mr. Bradlaugh drops his big Bill. That draft measure, he considers, has served some most important ends, and may, for the present at least, be laid aside. The production of the Government measure has altered the situation radically. When Mr. Bradlaugh's measure was drafted and read a first time, the Government Bill was not printed. It was not known how far the authorities were prepared to go, nor what would be the precise form of their proposals. The production of the Cross Bill profoundly affected the situation. Sir William Plowden's Bill was of some slight service in precipitating opinion, and leaving some products for useful ends. But after all, it did not count for much. What Mr. Bradlaugh has done has been to take Lord Cross's Bill, maintain its general form, even to the number of its clauses and sections, and introduce into it the Congress plan in its essentials. How he has done this you will, I hope, see next week. By the skilful and ingenious mode adopted the edge is turned of a good deal of fair and honest—if new and then slightly captious—criticism in such journals as the *Bombay Gazette*, the *Statesman*, and a few others which I might name. Accompanying the new draft will, I am told, be a memorandum from Mr. Bradlaugh's pen, in which he will pay tribute to the criticism to which his measure has been subjected and explain why he has been led to adopt the course he has chosen. The proposed draft has been under the consideration of the British Committee and certain modifications which Mr. Bradlaugh has accepted, has been adopted by them. One thing seems to me clear from the new procedure, and that is the eminently reasonable character of the Reform leaders. If the Government of India and the authorities here turn a deaf ear to the new proposals and to the eminently conciliatory attitude of the Congress, then indeed it will be proved that they would welcome violent methods and will have naught to do with sweet reasonableness. However, until such a thing is proved it will not be well to assume that it is possible.

In the *National Reformer* I find the following paragraph from Mr. Bradlaugh's pen:—"I am now busily preparing for the reassembly of Parliament, and have redrafted the Indian Councils Amendment Bill in view of the opinion manifested in the English and Anglo-Indian Press, for and against, so as to avoid as many as possible of the objections reasonably urged by the opponents of the measure, as well as to meet the criticisms of friends of the Congress movement. I have submitted this draft to the English Congress Committee, by whom it has been thoroughly discussed, and who have suggested some further amendments which I have gone carefully through in conference with Mr. Digby, and have in the main accepted."

THE MADRAS RACES.

THE revival of the old sporting traditions of Madras, observes the local *Mail*, has often, during the last two or three years, formed the subject of much self-congratulatory comment where two or more Madrassis are gathered together. That this revival is real and likely to last long is, we think, sufficiently apparent from the long list of first, second and third entries for the Madras Races, of 1891. Hitherto the number of local owners of horses has not been very great, but this year we notice a decided increase. The plea of "bad times" evidently holds no longer, and it is to be hoped that this little band of local owners will go on increasing throughout the year. For the principal race of the next Annual Meeting, the Connemara Plate for Rs. 4,000, twenty-one entries have been made, amongst which we notice the winner of the last two years, Mr. Newton's chestnut Arab Scimitar, and his bay stable companion, Sirius, who made the running for the former last time and ran a good second to him. Other former starters for this race which have re-entered this year are Farced, Nugget, Child of the Desert, and Bendigo. For the Arcot Purse of Rs. 3,000, the next in point of value, seventeen entries have been made, six of them by local owners. We see that Scimitar and Moab, from Western India, are also entered for this race. It will require a good local horse to beat them at almost any weights. As regards the other races there are fourteen entries for the Trial Stakes, seventeen for the Civil Service Stakes, fifteen for the Vizianagram Stakes, and The Merchants and Bankers' Purse, and thirteen for the Wallajah Plate. The other races have also filled well. All things considered there is every promise of a most successful meeting, the popularity of which amongst owners will sure to be enhanced by the careful manner in which the Guindy Course is being improved.

IN a work which he has recently published on Japan, Dr. Vincent, a medical officer of the French navy, describes a disease of the lungs which he believes to be peculiar to that country. It is caused by a parasite called the *Distoma Pulmonale*, says the *Medical Journal*, and is characterised by hæmoptysis occurring several times a day for ten or fifteen years, or longer, and ending in dangerous hæmorrhage. The *distoma pulmonale* is cylindrical in form, and measures from 8 to 10 millimetres in length and 5 to 6 in breadth. It has a very muscular buccal sucker. Its ova are 0·13 of a millimetre in length and 0·707 in breadth, oval in shape, brown in colour, and covered with a thin membrane. The parasite makes its abode in little cavities at the periphery of the lungs which communicate with the bronchi by narrow openings. These cavities contain epithelial *debris*, red blood corpuscles, leucocytes, and innumerable ova of the distoma—all these elements being blended together in a sort of pulp, which is expectorated from time to time. M. Remy, who has made a special study of the disease at Tokio, has met with it in the majority of Japanese servants in the employment of European

THE ALLEGED ABDUCTION OF GIRLS.

SUPERINTENDENT MACDERMOTT yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court charged Abraham Swarts, aged 26, described as a tailor, residing at Cammateepoora, and Eliza Silberberg, living in the same locality, before Mr. Richardson, under section 372 of the Indian Penal Code, "with selling, or hiding or otherwise disposing of a minor under the age of 16 years for the purpose of prostitution, or for an immoral purpose." The prisoners also being charge under section 109 of the same code with abetting each other in the commission of the offence.

The Superintendent in placing the facts of the case before the Magistrate said the prisoners were reputed to be husband and wife, the female being the keeper of a house of ill-fame in Cursetjee Sucklaji Street, while her husband was a procurer in Bombay. Their story was that the girl Etta Silberberg who was before the Court and in respect of whom they were charged, was formally in service in Austria, where she had been living with an aunt, her own mother being insane. The prisoners stated that the girl some time ago sent her photograph to Eliza Goldenberg, who was then living at Madras, and the second prisoner then represented to her husband that the girl was her sister. The first accused for some time declined to believe this assertion as the features of the girl as shown in the photograph did not appear to be like those of his wife, but subsequently yielding to the latter's arguments, they both proceeded to a photographer's shop in that city where they were photographed, the male prisoner having the girls *carte-de-visite* in his hand. A copy of the joint picture was then sent to the girl in Austria by Eliza Goldenberg who also sent a letter in which she said her husband was going to Austria to meet the girl and that the latter was not to "sell" herself to anyone but a person who could show her a facsimile of the photograph forwarded with the letter. Abraham Swartz subsequently came to Bombay from Madras in April of the present year and put up at a house, kept by a Mrs. Daniel, at 131 Gant Road, which the Superintendent said was the abode of nearly all the procurers in this city. From this house he proceeded to Trieste by steamer and thence to Vienna, where in a hotel he formed the acquaintance of a Mrs. Tritsch, who had formerly been known as Madame, Rich and was the wife of Tritsch, who had been deported from Bombay by the orders of Government. Shortly after meeting Mrs. Tritsch Abraham Swartz negotiated a loan of £23 which enable him to visit the town of Drodvitch in which the girl was living, and after showing the photograph to her he persuaded her to return with him to Vienna from whence he together with his charge and Mrs. Tritsch proceeded to Trieste. Here he engaged two deck passages for himself and the girl, Mrs. Tritsch travelling second class, but on the vessel reaching Port Said the male prisoner left the steamer as he stated for the purpose of visiting the Post Office where he expected to find a letter from India enclosing a remittance. Being disappointed in this, he appeared to have been afraid, so the Superintendent remarked the accused had stated, to return to the ship. Consequently the girl came on to Bombay in the company of the female, and was at once taken by her to the receiving house kept by Mrs. Rosa Gritz in Medow Street, which was the same place the Russian girls, Freida and Getel Garbolevsky had lately been taken to. After they had been in that house for about a fortnight, the accused arrived from Port Said, and put up at the same house, and afterwards sent the girl in company with a young lad, the son of Mrs. Daniel, of Grant Road, all the way to Madras, giving them, in addition to their railway fares Rs. 10, to cover expenses, and informing the boy and girl that they would be met in Madras by his wife. On reaching their destination instead of being received as they expected by Eliza Silborberg, it was alleged that they were met by a European and taken by him to a cold drink shop on the Mount Road, where they were joined by Swartz a few days after. The boy was then sent back to Bombay, and some time afterwards both the prisoners came to this city where the female had since opened a house in Cursetjee Suklaji Street, the girl also being taken there. In consequence of certain information received by Colonel Wilson, the Commissioner of Police, the Superintendent stated that he and Inspector Stanford in plain clothes visited the brothel kept by the prisoners and found the young girl being offered for prostitution. The female prisoner further made a voluntarily statement to the effect that directly after her arrival in Madras the girl had been sold for Rs. 600, and kept her for immoral purposes for fifteen days. On the face of this admission the Superintendent said he arrested the women, and soon after he had conveyed her to the Fort the male prisoner called and pointed out the young boy who had accompanied the girl to Madras, the latter afterwards making a clean statement of what had transpired during

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 7.

WITH the native new year festival of Dewali falling next week, business in anticipation of the coming holidays has been quiet in all its branches, since the date of our last weekly report. Cotton has been dull on most days in sympathy with the tenor of advices from the ruling markets for this staple in Liverpool and New York, and prices have given way to some extent. The picking of the earlier growths of the new crop is now general in the districts and forward parcels are beginning to come to market. Wheat has been firm in tone at some partial advance in rates; but business, excepting on one day, has been restricted. Seeds have been in moderate request, and generally steady in price. The course of Exchange has varied again under the influence of advices regarding Silver, the movement on the whole having been downward, and rates are lower by 3-16d., both for Bank and Private Paper, than they were a week ago. Government Paper has fluctuated within narrow limits; but Four per cents. are quoted this evening at last Friday's rate. Freights have been steady, but with enquiry from shippers still very slack. There has been more doing in Imports, and prices, in some cases, have hardened.

MONEY.—The Presidency Bank's Cash Balance continued to show some increase in the Statement of Affairs issued by the Bank on Monday, an addition of over 11¼ lakhs at the end of last week having brought the balance to close upon 516 lakhs. The figures given in the Weekly Return, however, unlike those which have appeared for some time past, showed some increase in the trade demand, and though the expansion was but slight it might be taken to indicate the approaching turn in the monetary tide, to which we referred a week ago, as likely to set in before very long. There had been an increase in Private Deposits to about the same extent as during the previous week; but the aggregate increase under the items of Loans and Bills Discounted had been 18¾ lakhs, making the net addition to trade requirements about 1½ lakhs, the accession to the Cash Balance having been due to an increase in Public Deposits, and to the realization of Government Securities. There is not likely to be much enquiry for money during the Dewali week, and the Bank's minimum rate has been allowed to remain at the low level of 3 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE was steady on last mail day under the influence of news of a slight improvement in Silver. There was no demand for remittance, and business generally was dull. Forward rates were quoted at about 1-16d. advance on those given in our last weekly report; and ready Demand at 1s. 6¾d., and three months' sight Credits at 1s. 6 13-16d. Opening at Saturday's closing rates for the Bank media of remittance, and a shade higher for Private Paper, with an upward tendency in rates, the market was firm all day on Monday, and an advance of 1-16d. was established, but only a limited business was passing. Forward Credits were quoted at 1s. 7 1-16d. for December, and at 1s. 7 3-16d. for January delivery. On Tuesday the market was firm at 1-16d. advance on the previous day's rates; but with business dull in the extreme. Nothing transpired, with the exception of a transaction between Banks in Telegraphic, at 1s. 6⅞d., for March transfer. On the following day, however, the advance was lost, though the feeling was steady all day at a decline of 1-16d. on Tuesday's rates. In the almost total absence of Mercantile Bills, transactions again took place between Banks in ready Demand, at 1s. 6 9-16d., and at 1s. 6 13-16d. in Telegraphic, for March transfer. A ready sale of Telegraphic, at 1s. 6¾d., was also reported. Yesterday the market was quiet in tone, at a decline of 1-16d., on Wednesday's rates. Business between Banks was reported in ready Demand at 1s. 6 9-16d. and at 1s. 6⅞d. for Telegraphic, for March transfer. In presence of news of a heavy drop in Silver, in New York, this market has been weak, or we might say rather demoralized to-day. Three months' sight Credits have been placed for the mail, at 1s. 6 9-16d., and at 1s. 6¾d. for December delivery, closing quotations for ready business being as follows:—

Bank Bills on Demand	.....	1s. 6 ¼d.
Do. Telegraphic	.....	1s. 6 5-32d.
Do. 3 months' sight	.....	1s. 6 13-32d.
Do. 4 months' sight	.....	1s. 6 15-32d.
Do. 6 months' sight	.....	1s. 6 19-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight	.....	1s. 6 9-16d.
Do. 6 months' sight	.....	1s. 6 25-32d.
Documents, 3 months' sight	.....	1s. 6 19-30d.
Do. 6 months' sight	.....	1s. 6 13-16d.
Francs 3 months' sight	.....	196
Do. 6 months' sight	.....	197¼

GOVERNMENT PAPER remained quiet to the close of last week, hardly any fresh business having transpired on Saturday either for Money or Account. Last Friday's rates of 103 3-16 for Fours for cash, and 102 11-16 for the 1st December account, continued to rule, and were the closing quotations. The feeling continued quiet, and rates were unchanged as far as the cash price of Fours was concerned on Monday, 103 1-16 having been quoted all day, and at the close; for the 1st December account, however, an advance of 1-16 per cent. was established at 102⅝. There was a much firmer tone in this market on Tuesday, and rates improved both for Money and Account to the extent of ⅛ per cent., Fours for cash having advanced to 103 3-16, which was the closing quotation; and the 1st December settlement to 102⅜; the January account being quoted at 102¼. On the following day, however, the feeling was weaker again, and rates for Four per cents. partially declined to the extent of 1-16 per cent., say to 103⅛ for cash, and to 102 13-16 for the next settlement, the quotation for the January account having remained at 102⅛; but there was hardly anything doing on any line. Yesterday the market was tame, with still very little doing. Fours for cash were quoted during the greater part of the day at Wednesday's price of 103⅛; and for the two next accounts at 102 13-16d. and 102⅛ respectively; but at closing there was a weaker feeling, and 103 1-16 was named for Money. To-day the market has been weak and declining in sympathy with news about Silver, and 102⅛, 102 11-16, and 102⅛ became the quotations for Fours for cash and the two accounts, respectively; but, at closing, the cash price had recovered a little, and was quoted at 103. The price of 4½ per cents. (to a great extent nominal) has been 106⅛ throughout the week.

Municipal Five per cent. Loan is unchanged, at 104½; Port Trust Bonds are ½ per cent. higher at 99½.

SHARES.—Cotton Mill Scrip generally has been steady and Press shares quiet during the past week, and we have but few alterations to make in our list this evening in the rates which ruled last Friday. There has been an active demand for Bank of Bombay shares which have moved up during the week Rs. 15 per share, and left off strong this evening at an enhanced quotation. Bank of Madras shares are also Rs. 10 higher. In Cotton Mill shares we note an advance of Rs. 22½ in Central India; of Rs. 15 in Alliance; of Rs. 10 each in Connaught, Empress and Jevraz Balloo; of Rs. 5 each in Anglo-Indian, Coorla, Imperial, and Swadeshi; and of Rs. 2½ each in Manockji Petit. On the other hand, there has been a decline of Rs. 10 each in City of Bombay and Swadeshi; and of Rs. 5 each in Colaba Land and Mill, Jamsetjee, Luckmidas, Morarjee Gokaldas, and Oriental. Albert Press shares are Rs. 10 lower; Munmar have advanced Rs. 5; Mofussil are Rs. 2½ higher. In miscellaneous shares, Bombay-Burma Trading, second issue, are Rs. 15 lower; Oriental Life are Rs. 5 down; Treacher and Co. have declined Rs. 5; Port Canning are Rs. 2½ lower. Delhi and Northern Flour shares have advanced to Rs. 2½; Royal Flour are Rs. 7 higher.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—The declining course of Exchange during the past week has stimulated up-country buyers to operate more freely in staple *Grey Goods* than in the week preceding, and a rather larger business has been the result, while rates have hardened in some special cases. Dealers continue to be anxious sellers, but always having regard to the fluctuations in Exchange; stocks being ample for all probable requirements. In *Bleached Goods*, low and medium qualities of *Nainsooks* and *Mulls* have attracted more attention, at a slight advance, but prices generally are unchanged. *Dyed, Printed*, and *Turkey Red Goods* have been in moderate demand at last week's prices. Zanzibar descriptions of *Local* Goods are very dull, and nearly unsaleable at current rates. Some lots ready on the spot are offering for sale on the basis of 6¾ annas per lb., but find no buyers. Plain and small-end bordered Shirtings have been placed to the extent of 500 bales at 7½ annas per lb. The clearances from the bazaar of *Imported* Goods during the week is estimated at 3,600 packages; those of *Local* Goods at 1,500 bales.

YARNS.—*Imported Twist* has been quiet, with only a small business passing; but prices are quite unchanged. Advices from Hongkong give no sales of *Local Spinnings* for the week ending last Monday, a dispute as to the time of delivery having arisen between sellers and buyers there, with little or no chance of an early settlement. Things here are very dull, with rates giving way gradually. No. 20s Waler, however, has found some buyers. Only some 1,500 bales have changed hands during the week, and the market closes dull at the following official quotations:—

Twist...	No. 6s Mule	As.	4¾	to 4¾	per lb.
" ...	" 8s "	"	4¾	" 4¾	"
" ...	" 10s "	"	4¾	" 5¼	"
" ...	" 12s "	"	5¼	" 5¾	"
" ...	" 16s "	"	5¾	" 6	"
" ...	" 20s "	"	5¾	" 6¾	"
" ...	" 24s "	"	6¼	" 6¾	"
" ...	" 30s "	"	7¼	" 7¾	"
" ...	" 40s "	"	9	" 9¾	"

METALS.—*Copper* has been taken to a moderate extent during the past week; and the market has been steady at previous quotations; and the same may be said of *Yellow Metal*. There has not been much doing in *Iron* of any description, and the tone of the market has remained quiet, rates being quoted as before, all round. *Coal* has been a quiet market but steady on the whole. Sales of Powell's Duffryn have been made, for November-December shipment, at Rs. 17¼; and of Davison's West Hartley ready, in small lots, at Rs. 16½ per ton. Powell's has been offering latterly at Rs. 17½ for November-January shipment; and there have been buyers of Davison's, at Rs. 16, per ton.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—In sympathy with the tenor of advices from Liverpool and New York, this market has been quiet when not actually dull during the past week, and only a small business, almost entirely in purchases of old stuff from stock by local spinners, has been done from day to day. The new week opened with a very quiet feeling, and a decline of Re. 1¼ per candy was established in the price of Broach for future delivery; and in the following day prices generally gave way to the extent of Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 per candy in a dull market. Thereafter a little more business was done, but the feeling continued dull, with hardly any enquiry for contracts in the new crop. The principal purchases during the week have been in old Bhagulkote, at Rs. 160; Bengal, at Rs. 135-49; Veraval, at Rs. 155-65; Bhownugger, at Rs. 185; Khangaum, at Rs. 186¼; Barsee, at Rs. 175-86; and Julgaum at Rs. 165. Several parcels of Julgaum, of the new crop, have come to market, and have found buyers at Rs. 181 to 183½ per candy; a small lot of New Cutch has also changed hands, at Rs. 175¼. Some forward contracts are reported in New Bengal at Rs. 153 for "Good," and Rs. 173 for "Fine" for January delivery, and Rs. 161 for "Fully Good" for December-January delivery. Something also has been done in "Fine" Broach, for February-March delivery, at Rs. 213½ per candy. The market closed dull this evening with prices Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 per candy lower than they were a week ago.

Bengals and Oomras of the new crop are beginning to come to market, but the former in much smaller quantities than was the case last year as shown by the figures which we give below.

Telegraphic advices to hand, at the beginning of the week from the Cotton districts, reported a continuance of seasonable weather for the harvesting of the crop in the Bengal and Oomrawuttee circles, where picking had become general; and Cotton was arriving in small quantities at many of the district marts. The later growths, say Broach, Dhollera, and Dharwar, were still doing well, the flowering of the crop being advanced, and the plants showing bolls at Broach and in some of the Dhollera districts; but the late sowing in the Dhollera district proper was not progressing altogether satisfactorily; and at Hubli, in the Dharwar circle, 70 cents more rain had fallen since the middle of last week, making the fall some two inches more than the average to the end of the month; and a break was generally needed. Telegrams published yesterday reported a further fall of rain at Sholapore, Bellary, and Hubli, in which districts several inches had been registered since the beginning of the week, and though a break in the weather was needed, especially at Hubli, in the Dharwar circle, no complaints regarding the state of the Cotton crop were made; and at Bellary the plants were said to be flourishing. Over the rest of the Cotton area there had been no further rain, and the weather had continued favourable for the picking of the crop, which had become general in the Bengal and Oomrawattee circles. The plants were showing bolls in the Broach district, as also in parts of the Dhollera circle; and at Bhownugger the bolls were rapidly ripening, though in cloudy and unseasonable weather.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, viz.:—

Cotton—	Per candy.	Per lb. C & F.
Bengal Fine (Nov-Dec)	Rs. 177	= 4 3-32d.
Do. Fully Good "	" 161	= 3 27-32d.
Do. Good "	" 158	= 3 23-32d.
Oomra, Fully Good (Good Staple) Feb	" 203	= 4 13-32d.
Do. Good do	" 196	= 4¼d.
Khandeish, Fully Good (Jan-Feb)	" 181	= 4d.
Do. Good do	" 171	= 3 13-32d.
Broach, Fine (March)	" 215	= 5d.
Do. Good do	" 208	= 4 27-32d.
Belatee, Fine (Feb)	" 181	= 4d.
Do. Fully Good "	" 175	4d.
Do. Good "	" 171	= 4 1-32d.
Dhollera, Fine April-May	" 200	= 4 11-16d.
Do. Fully Good "	" 190	= 4 7-16d.
Do. Good "	" 182	= 4 9-32d.

The arrivals of new Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season. 1890-91. Bales.	Season. 1889-90. Bales.
Bengals	1,500	22,000
Berar	150	500
Khandeish	4,500	1,500
	6,150	24,000

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1890.	1889.	1888.
For the week	7,824	12,907	3,985
From 1st Jan. to 6th Nov.	1,195,393	1,717,938	1,398,457
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	6,171	8,856	1,173
From 1st Jan. to 6th Nov.	1,387,833	1,226,087	823,393
Clearances to Calcutta, Chinaa, &c.			
For the week	311	70	404
From 1st Jan. to 6th Nov.	64,007	29,809	42,896

WHEAT remained firm is tone, but with only a moderate business passing at the close of last and the beginning of this week; but about the middle of the week, or rather active demand, more especially for *Pessy* sprung up, and considerable transactions were reported, while the price of *Pessy* of both qualities was put up one anna per cwt. say to Rs. 4-10-0 for 91 per cent., and to Rs. 4-9-0 for 85 per cent. The demand was not sustained however, and though the feeling continued firm, demand slackened, and thereafter business was upon only a moderate scale again, rates being unaltered for all descriptions.

SEEDS have been quiet or steady throughout the week, and no more than a moderate business has transpired on any day. *Linseed* has fluctuated a little, having declined ½ an anna per cwt. in the early part of the week, and recovered the fall yesterday, closing this evening at Rs. 6-6-0 to Rs. 6-9-0 per cwt.; other kinds being unchanged in value.

The comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	cwt.	cwt.	cwt.
Wheat for the week	187,431	81,371	123,178
Do. from 1st Jan. to 6th November	5,534,805	5,612,745	10,758,522
Linseed for the week	50,532	15,586	26,170
Do. from 1st Jan. to 6th November	2,287,616	1,862,517	2,704,111
Rapeseed for the week	2,626	4,935	52,733
Do. from 1st Jan. to 6th November	893,510	1,943,682	1,941,314
Gingellyseed for the week	30,188	15,097	21,239
Do. from 1st Jan. to 6th November	795,096	709,439	698,090

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

Wheat for the week	122,444	152,460	141,413
Do. from 1st Jan. to 6th November	4,129,222	5,202,112	8,639,700
Linseed for the week	53,117	30,998	29,237
Do. from 1st Jan. to 6th November	2,132,787	1,963,671	2,334,719
Rapeseed for the week	21,428	64,925	17,018
Do. from 1st Jan. to 6th November	735,647	2,094,754	1,603,739
Gingelly Seed for the week	18,300	6,159	.....
Do. from 1st Jan. to 6th November	875,647	722,455	676,513

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FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 7th November, 1890.

(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	7	9	9	5	22
Teheran	7	1	32 p.m.	1	34
Suez	7	2	15 p.m.	...	40

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending on 8 p.m., 7th November, 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	2	4	...	3
" Kurmchee	...	13	...	2
" Madras

TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE SULTAN OF ZANZIBAR.

LONDON, Nov. 7.

The Sultan of Zanzibar has been appointed Grand ross of the Star of India.

MADAME PATTI.

Madame Adelina Patti is ill at Leicester from chill she caught.

A specialist has been summoned from London to tend her.

ILLNESS OF LORD COLERIDGE.

The Right Hon. Lord Coleridge, Lord Chief ustice of England, was seized with illness on the ench yesterday, and had to leave the Court. His ord is suffering from acute gastritis.

MR. AND MRS. STANLEY.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley arrived here to-day.

THE AMERICAN ELECTIONS.

The Democratic majority in the new House of epresentatives will be above one hundred.

DEFEAT OF MR. MACKINLEY.

Mr. Mackinley has been defeated in Ohio by a ajority of two hundred votes.

SIR DRUMMOND WOLFF.

TEHERAN, Nov. 6.

Sir Drummond Wolff has sufficiently recovered om his late severe illness as to be able to start r England on the 12th instant.

ARREST OF ARMENIANS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 6.

Many fresh arrests of Armenians have been made ere for alleged complicity in a plot against the lovernment. These persecutions are driving large umbers to emigrate to Greece and Bulgaria.

SPEECH BY MR. GLADSTONE.

LONDON, Nov. 7.

Mr. Gladstone has returned to Hawarden from his idlothian tour.

On his way down from the North the Right Hon. entleman addressed a crowd assembled at the arlisle station, and in the course of his remarks aunted Lord Salisbury with delaying the dissolu- ion of Parliament, quoting Lord Salisbury's own tterances in the year 1884 wherein his Lordship aid—"The longer the dissolution was delayed the reater would be the defeat."

MADAME PATTI'S ILLNESS.

Madame Adelina Patti has recovered sufficiently o be able to sing at Cheltenham to-night.

FRANCE AND EGYPT.

PARIS, Nov. 6.

In the debate in the Chamber of Deputies on oreign Affairs which is still going on M. Ribot, Minister for Foreign Affairs, denied that the adhe- ion of France to the Egyptian Debt Conversion cheme was a concession to British policy, and said he step was necessary in order to consider the nterests of the Egyptians, and that since the Con- ersion was settled the moral position of France ad improved in Egypt.

M. Ribot said he knew of no practical means of btaining the immediate evacuation of Egypt by the British, and France must therefore wait until Great Britain, has fulfilled her promises in that quarter.

MEETING OF SIGNOR CRISPI AN) GENERAL CAPRIVI.

ROME, Nov. 7.

Signor Crispi received General von Caprivi, the German Chancellor at Milan, to-day. The meeting was of the most cordial nature.

BRITISH PROTECTORATE OVER ZANZIBAR.

ZANZIBAR, Nov. 7.

The British protectorate over Zanzibar was formally proclaimed by the Zanzibar Government to-day.

FRIGHTFUL GUNPOWDER EXPLOSION.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 7.

A frightful explosion has taken place at the Gov- ernment Gunpowder Mills at Taipingfu, in which three hundred Chinese perished.

MR. STANLEY AND MAJOR BARTTELOTT.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.

Mr. Stanley fiercely rebuts the charges brought against him by Major Barttelott's brother, and says that the Major's death was due to his bad temper and cruelty in dealing with the natives.

A CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

BERLIN, Nov. 7.

Doctor Kock, of Berlin, claims having discovered a cure for consumption by the injection of a certain lymph.

The German Government have signified their intention of patronising it, and the German scien- tists express their belief in it.

EXTRAORDINARY INCIDENT AT SEA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

*CALCUTTA, Nov. 7.

The P. & O. Co.'s steamer Shannon, just arrived, brought the body of an infant, who died off Aden. The body which was preserved in spirits in a tin box has been made over to the police. It appears that the infant was taken ill soon after leaving Suez The father, a missionary, consulted a fellow-passenger a medical missionary, going to China. The latter treated the child, administering Dover's powder. The child getting worse, the parents called in the ship's doctor; but the child died the day be- fore the steamer reached Aden. Arrangements were made to bury the child there, but the ship's doctor refused to furnish a death certificate. The day after the vessel left Aden a *post-mortem* examination was held by the ship's doctor, assisted by another doctor on board, the medical missionary being also present, with the result that it was decided that the child had died from the effects of an overdose of Dover's powder. The parents then arranged to bury the child at sea. The Bishop of Travancore, who was amongst the passengers, promised to conduct the service, but the ship's doctor refused to allow this, and the body was placed in a tin-boxed filled with gin and soldered up, the father of the child being charged four pounds ten shillings for the gin used at Colombo. The matter was reported to the police but no action was taken in consequence, of the short halt there.

The coroner holds an inquiry here, but the medi- cal missionary and the doctor who assisted at the *post-mortem* have gone on to China and the ship's doctor has not presented the contents of the child's stomach nor did he have an analysis of the same made at Aden.

[* Delayed in transmission.]

DEATH OF SAWLAPAW.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Nov. 6.

News has reached Rangoon of the death on the 14th October of Sawlapaw, the old Chief of Eastern Karenni, against whom the expedition of 1888 and 1889 was sent. He had been living in retirement since the expedition.

ANOTHER TRIBAL DISTURBANCE.

A report has just reached here of an attack by the Palangs and Kachins on a village in the Moneik territory, about thirty miles from the capital. The Sawbwa will probably be quite able to deal with the affair, which is merely of local importance, but Government are sending some military police to Moneik town to support the Sawbwa in case of neces- sity.

ANNUAL INSPECTION OF H. E. THE GOVERNOR'S BODY-GUARD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Nov. 7.

The Major General Commanding the Poona District held his annual inspection of his Excel- lency the Governor's Body Guard this morning. The corps, numbering 42 of all ranks, was drawn up on its own parade-ground, near the village of Anudh, under the command of Captain C. A. Gott, its Commandant, and looked very handsome in their new uniform. The old Lancer uniform, with skin- tight cords, have been done away with in this corps, and the men now wear a scarlet blouse, with white moleskin breeches, which fit loosely above the knee. They have also been supplied with a new pattern style of boot, and altogether their appearance on parade is such as will bear very favourable com- parison with that of any other mounted corps in the country. The improvement that has of late taken place in the corps is indeed very marked.

Major-General F. R. Solly-Flood, C.B., Com- manding the District, accompanied by Major A. B. Stopford, R.A., Assistant Adjutant General, Captain R. I. Scallon, D.S.O., Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Captain D'Arcy Thomas, offi- ciating Station Staff Officer, and Captain Solly- Flood, A.-D.-C., arrived upon the ground at 7 o'clock, and rode down the ranks, making a careful inspection as he rode along. He then took up his position at a small flagstaff, and the splendid corps went past, first at the walk, and then at the trot. They subsequently filed past in single line. They should also have galloped past, but the ground was much too soppy, in conse- quence of the heavy rain which fell last night to permit of this. The lance and sword exercises were then gone through, after which the two native officers put the squadron through a few manœuvres; after which the men went off to their lines. The General then witnessed some revolver practice done by the native officers and non-commissioned officers, and subsequently inspected the lines, school books, remounts, &c.

INSPECTION OF THE POONA VOLUNTEERS.

The Poona Volunteer Rifle Corps will parade on their own ground to-morrow morning, for inspection in musketry by the Major General commanding the district, and in the afternoon at 5 o'clock, the re- gular annual inspection and parade will take place. A large number of spectators usually turn out to witness this function. This year's inspection will be important in several respects. It will be the first inspection at which Colonel Meakin will appear as Commandant; it will be the first inspection at which the Parsee Volunteers will be present; and it will be the last inspection of the corps by Major General Solly-Flood, whose tenure of office expires early next year.

BOMBAY OFFICERS AT THE ATTOCK MANŒUVRES.

Major C. S. Shephard, D.S.O., Royal Fusiliers, and Captain T. P. Geoghegan, 3rd Bombay Cavalry, will leave Poona to-morrow, *en route*, for the Attock camp.

A QUICK PROMOTION.

Telegraphic information has been received from home to the effect that Captain Edward Henry St. Lawrence Clarke, the senior Captain in the 1st Bat- talion Worcestershire Regiment, at present Com- mandant at the Mount Abu Sanitarium, has been promoted to Major. This officer received his com- mission as Second Lieutenant in February, 1876. He was promoted the same day to Lieutenant, and in August, 1883, received his Captaincy. He will now have to go home.

THE NEW ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

Brigadier-General Gatacre, the newly appointed Adjutant-General of the Bombay Army, is not a C. B. as I stated yesterday, but a D. S. O.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Lieutenant H. J. E. Purvis, 2nd Bombay Lancers, and officiating Squadron Officer and Adjutant, 3rd Cavalry, vice Lieutenant Peyton, seconded, to be graded in the 3rd Cavalry, below Lieutenant Browne and above Lieutenant Benn.

Lieutenant H. E. Lewis, officiating Wing Officer, 9th Bombay Infantry, to be Wing Officer, 19th Bom- bay Infantry.

Lieutenants Woolrych, 1st Liverpool Regiment; and Grace, 1st Middlesex Regiment; and Hamner, 2nd West Riding Regiment, who have been appointed probationers for the Bombay Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officers, 22nd Bombay Infantry, on probation, dated the 29th October.

Lieutenant Bannerman, 2nd Gloucestershire Regi- ment, a candidate for the Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officer, on probation, dated 29th October.

With reference to G O G No. 570 the following ap- pointments are made:—Surgeon James Jackson, general duty, Bombay district; Surgeon Ashton Street, general duty, Poona district; and Surgeon John Bland Jameson, general duty, Mhow district.

Lieutenant Errington, Wing Officer, 1st Bombay Grenadiers, is attached to the Marine Battalion, in the same capacity, as a temporary measure.

It is notified that the following prizes have been awarded in connection with the assault-at-arms and Industrial Exhibition:—

Best man at-arms, British—Gunner Nash, 17th Field Battery. Best man-at-arms, Natives—Naik Ramcharan Tiwari, 23rd Bombay Infantry. Prize essay, British—Private Driscoll, 1st Worcestershire Regiment. Prize essay, Natives—Subedar Shaik Fazal, 26th Bombay Infantry.

Leave of absence has been granted to the under- mentioned officers:—Lieutenant Dickenson, 2nd Royal Dublin Fusiliers, to remain in England, in extension, from 5th February to 30th March on private affairs.

Major Woodgate, 1st Royal Lancaster Regiment, to remain in England, from the 7th December to the 6th March, on private affairs.

Second Lieutenant Addler, B.B. and C. I. Railway Volunteers, to England, for one year, on private affairs.

CHANGES AND APPOINTMENTS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 7.

Major Talbot, Bikaneer, will act for Colonel Ross, Resident, Persian Gulf, who goes on furlough in the spring; Mr. J. R. Reid rejoining his appoint- ment on the Board of Revenue.

Mr. W. Kaye, officiating Junior Member, goes on special duty as President of the Police Committee.

Mr. C. S. Bayley, on return from furlough, is posted as First Assistant to the Agent to the Gov- ernor-General, Rajputana.

LORD HARRIS.

Lord Harris will meet H. E. the Viceroy at Aboo Road on the 11th instant.

FESTIVITIES AT KAPURTHALA.

The festivities on the occasion of the investiture of the Raja of Kapurthala by the Lieutenant-Gov- ernor of the Punjab, will last from the 23rd to 26th instant. All Punjab have been invited, and a special train will take the Rajah's guests down from Lahore.

THE MILITARY SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT, MADRAS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Nov. 7.

Brigadier-General Kennedy Herbert, Military Secretary to Government, has secured another year's extension of office.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE MAILS.

ADEN, Nov. 6.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. Assam, with the homeward Indian mails of the 1st instant, arrived here from Bombay at 8 p.m. to-day.

SUEZ, Nov. 7.

The P. and O. Co's. s. s. Sutlej, with the outward English mails of the 31st ultimo, left here for Bom- bay at 7 a. m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SINGAPORE, Nov. 7.

The P. and O. Company's s.s. Venetia left here for Bombay at daylight to-day.

ADEN, Nov. 7.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's s.s. Imperatrix, from Bombay, arrived here this morning at daybreak.

LONDON, Nov. 6.

The B I S N Company's steamer Golconda left here this evening.

PORT SAID, Nov. 6.

The B I S N Company's steamer Manora left here this morning.

COLOMBO, Nov. 7,

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's s. s. Elektra, from Hongkong, left for Bombay this evening.

COLOMBO, Nov. 7.

W. D. R. steamer Neckar from China arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 6.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats easier.

Good Dholleras	4 3-16.
The Manchester market has been steady.	
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight...	1s. 6¼d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account...	94⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	94⅝
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	78⅛
4½ per cent.	81½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	105¼
Bar Silver	48

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £19,500,000, decrease, £300,000; public deposits, £2,700,000, decrease, £900,000; other deposits, £29,200,000, increase, £200,000; other securities, £23,100,000, increase £300,000; notes and gold, £11,200,000, decrease, £400,000. The Bank's reserve is 35 per cent. of the liabilities.

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, Oct. 17.

What a fickle-minded generation we must be, if in order to make life tolerable we require all the novel- ties that are week after week provided for us. Pari- sians have been simply "desoles" we are told, because there was no really new fashion in hats this season. Luckily before the desolation had amounted to any thing as fatal as influenza, or the cholera microbe, a novelty was discovered by Mdle. Marguerite Ugalde of the Gymnase. The new hat, that has so fortun- ately saved the lives, or, at least, the reasons of femi- nine Paris, is of thin texture felt, with edges neither broad nor turned-up, and it is trimmed with sky blue velvet embroidered with jet and with a bunch of feathers stuck at the back. It does not sound very ravishing, this *chef d'œuvre* of the Gym- nase's mo-liste, but if it has attained its object of soothing Parisian aspirations after novelty, it must be all right. In the matter of pocket handkerchiefs, too, it appears that the world was reduced to despair for something uncommon and effective, no matter how unsuitable. So the inventive genius, who rules the supply of decorative nose draperies, was compel- led to find something that had never seen the light of day. And the result is a tiny handkerchief orna- mented with dominoes, or Cupid's darts, or some- thing equally far-fetched and by its size, quite unfit- ted to cope with even a light attack of influenza or hay fever.

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There is another grave question agitating the Parisian mind. It is whether five o'clock tea is to be served with the English tea urn, the Russian samovar, or the Dutch kettle. At the Elysee there is not much tea drinking, otherwise Madame Car- not's lead would probably be followed. The majority at present however being afflicted with Anglophobia try to be quite English you know in everything; but the quality of the brew is quite beyond Pari- sian imitation.

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One need not be very infatuated about novelty in order to appreciate something uncommon in the fashion of wedding garments. When Countess Elizabeth Koenigsmarck was married to Baron Von Bissing, of the German Emperor's garde du corps, she and her twelve bridesmaids wore the red and white colors of the regiment. The Emperor, who was present, also wore the regimental full dress. His present to the bride was an exquisite coronet of diamonds. The bride, who is of English descent on the side of her grandmother, a daughter of the late Sir George Pigott, is very beautiful, and specially clever at amateur theatricals. The breakfast took place at Count Koenigsmarck's residence, Castle Plane, in Brandenburg, a fine old place that has been restored by the present owner.

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Some new gowns just arrived from Paris show very little change in fashion except that the sleeves are fuller and not so high. One costume made of blue bengaline, with lozenges of white, had a cream dra- pery put on bib fashion on the shoulders, and open- ed at the side to show the underskirt. A polonaise redingote for out-door wear was of rich brown bro- caded material with brown velvet yoke, collar, and high full sleeves. Quilted satin sleeves are a com- fortable revival in winter, especially for those whose arms are thin enough to allow of the slight padding necessary.

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But it is unfair to spend too much time on ladies' costumes when there are probably hundreds of anxi- ous men looking out for the latest novelty in male attire. There are so many varieties of evening dress at present invented for the Parisian swell that there is no fear of his being *decole*. The de- scription of the newest vest is enchanting—such embroidery in silk and gold, and above all, such prices. A thing of beauty in gilets is cheap at fifty guineas.

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But from New York comes a still more extrava- gant fancy—hand painted shirt fronts—sometimes a delicate moss rose, and sometimes the modester violet. Sometimes the design is more fanciful, a ship in full sail, a hunting crop and stirrups, a ten- nis racket, or a quiver of arrows. In an examination of the vanity of vanities, the frivolous male New Yorker is nearly up to his sister's standard. Pity the sorrows of the gilded youth of Vienna—the monopoly of owning a delicately nurtured, scent- ed, and bandolined moustache is no longer accorded to them now. Every Viennese Tom, Jack, or Harry may, if Providence has been ordinarily kind to him, parade his own soft tawney, or fierce dark brown moustache, unchallenged by conventionality. Not without a struggle will the Vienna masher surrender what he called his rights. At the restaur- ants, he refused to be served by moustachioed waiters, and it became a question whether should the gilded youth or the moustachioed waiter go. Some proprietors tried one and some the other—the result being, that it was found on the whole, that the restaurant trade did not suffer so much in the masher's as in the waiter's absence. Eating in Vienna is as necessary an evil as elsewhere—it is, with apologies to "Dolores," another case of that unfailing brook. The Dude may come and the Dude may go, but the dinner goes on for ever. What a pity, that to avoid these annoying *contre- temps*, it did not enter into the scheme of the creation to construct the commonplace worker like the cheap wooden doll, minus the jointed limbs and real hair that distinguish plebeian, from aristocratic dollydom. But perhaps it is the sweet by-and-bye the grievance of the gilded youth may be removed. In the theory of the survival of the fittest surely there is hope for the masher—no one could be found fitter than he in the art of twirling his moustache.

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To judge by artist's portraits of themselves, self is the unkindest critic. At the Grosvenor Gallery Winter Exhibition of pastels Mrs. Jop- ling-Rowe's study of herself is an example of how much one loses in one's own eyes. Those who remember Millais' charming portrait of her, which now hangs in her pretty studio in Cran- ley-place, will recognize that she has not flattered herself. And yet Mrs. Jopling-Rowe's charms are undoubted. This month she has been elected one of Beauty's queens; and if this matrimonial record counts for anything, she might also be crowned queen of hearts for few women in so short a career have been so very much married. Mrs. Joplin- Rowe began life in 1843 as Miss Louise Goode of Manchester. At seventeen she married Mr. Frank Romer, private secretary to Baron Nathaniel Roths- child. At thirty she was a widow, and after a year married her second husband, Mr. J. M. Jopling who was also an artist. In 1884 Mr. Jopling died, and four years later Mrs. Jopling added to her name that of "Mr. Rowe" with a hyphen, or what the French more appropriately call a "trait d'union." On the question "Is marriage a failure" Mrs. Joplin- Rowe should be a very weighty authority, as very few people have had the opportunity, even if they have the temerity, to try their luck over and over again in the matrimonial lottery.

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"Mistress and Maid," the production for which we were all supposed to be watching impatiently in order through it to solve the domestic service difficult- ty, has appeared, and the world is not very much the richer or the wiser for its advent. It is a paper of sixteen pages, most of which are filled with the ordi- nary advertisements. A little gossip of a theatrical nature which is supposed to be interesting to both maids and mistresses, a short *resume* of police court cases relating to domestic service and a few items of household management and recipes for making pol- ishes and perfumes fill the pages that are not yet mo- nopolized by trade notices. It remains to be proved whether a separate organ is essential for this purpose.

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In the *Universal Review* this month under the heading "Maids and their Critics" there is a very wide-awake criticism of the manners and customs of mistresses to their servants. It appears from it that Coelebs while he has been eating dinners and drinking afternoon teas has absorbed a lot of know- ledge respecting the conditions of domestic service, not favorable to the pleasant view taken of it by Miss Benson in her *Nineteenth Century* article. He says "I do not know that any point in the relation of the intercourse of mistress and maid brings this more forcibly home to a man's mind than the change of voice which is so frequent an accompaniment to any order which a mistress gives. I have sat many times in London drawing rooms, hearing well-born, gentle- mannered, and apparently tender-hearted women talking amongst themselves or to their guests, in the mildest, sweetest accents; and then the bell has been rung and answered and a servant has come, and behold! we might be in another world, so utter- ly different is the cold dry inconsiderate tone of the command, which orders the tea, or the carriage, or alters the number of guests to dinner. I remember many years ago when I first came to London this used to make me so uncomfortable and dislike the women who exemplified it so intensely, that I could hardly sit in the room with them afterwards, and after twenty years' experience, I still consider it detestable, unwomanly, and mean. To sum up," continues Coelebs, "domestic service is neither to be praised nor deprecated as a profession for women, independently of the conditions under which it is carried out; but those conditions are at the present time, one-sided and unfair, and we are reaping the result of the unfairness, in the deterioration of the class. If we want good servants, we must pay for them in other coin than that which we have lately given; we must return to the old conditions in which they were part of the family, and we shall obtain the old results of loyal obedience and unsel- fish devotion."

Here is a story of that racy humour with which the late Professor Thorold Rogers often delighted his friends, and occasionally offended his opponents. Some few years ago, before he lost his seat, he took a great interest in the condition of the Thames, and did what he could to induce Sir James McGarel Hogg, the chairman of the Metropolitan Board of Works, to improve it; but his efforts were in vain, and the professor sought revenge. He went down to the Thames and filled a square bottle with some water that was excellent as a specimon of the objec- tionable qualities of the river, and he labelled this bottle, "Hogg's Wash," and hung it up in the smoking-room of the House of Commons.

SPORT IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY IN 1890.

(BY OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

III.—POLO.

An unusual amount of activity has distinguished the polo players of this Presidency during the sea- son. New Clubs have sprung up in all directions, and old standing combinations, which began to give signs of decline, have been rejuvenated. This satis- factory state of things is easily explained. The mania, for polo, among Anglo-Indians has never, since the importation of the game from Manipuri, been greater than at the present time, and Bombay in common with other portions of the peninsula, has felt its full force. To this general explanation, there must be added a more particular one. Early in the year the command of the Bombay Army passed into the hands of a distinguished soldier, who was known to have been in his youth, a polo player of no mean merit, and who still retained an enthusiastic love of the game. This was excuse enough for every subaltern to invest in a tat and a couple of sticks. No check was offered to the spread of the ardour among the military, on the contrary every encouragement was given to develope polo tendencies. Sir George Greaves proved a liberal patron, and his advice and his purse were ever at the service of the exponents of his favourite game. The civilians in the metro- polis soon caught the contagion, and it is hardly an exaggeration to say that every merchant's assistant would have belonged to a Polo Club, could he have afforded the expense attached to this most patrician of games. It may seem paradoxical, but it is none the less true that to this very popularity of the sport is attributable the fact that Bombay has not been able to produce a team, whose play is quite first class. The two tournaments which were played in Poona and Bombay, only the other day, were highly successful in regard to the number of entries, and several of the matches were very stubbornly contested, notably the two between the Bombay Gymkhana and the 7th Fusiliers, but the standard of the play was very little above the average, and a team of the 7th Hussars from Secunderabad, which contained only one member of the Famous Four, found no difficulty in running away from all their opponents. It is undeniable that in the number of players engaged in the Poona and Bombay tourna- ments, there were several whose individual perfor- mances were unexceptional, and a judicious captain would be able to pick from out of the array four men who with a little practice would take a lot of beating even at the hands of the victors of the last Bombay Polo Tournament. The inclination, however, was to play for a club or a set, and as the spirit is highly sporting it deserves to be commended. Perfection must come with practice, and it is highly gratifying to find that this practice is being indulged in every- where in no half-hearted manner.

A very important event in the history of polo was the order issued last September by Sir Frederick Roberts, on the measures to be adopted by captains of clubs to minimise the chances of accidents. It has become a generally accepted axiom that the ele- ment of danger, which is always present in a game like polo, and without which it could never have secured the hold on the British heart, that it has now in recent years been greatly heightened by the in- creasing height of the ponies. It is notorious that most of the ponies employed by "crack" teams aver- age fourteen hands, or a very little under. Speed is a great consideration, and to obtain it, a player was not disposed to stick at a trifle. It happened there- fore that at most tournaments, the rules of which limited the height of ponies to 13-3, that galloways were played, the stewards being unwilling to dis- qualify the animals in deference to the feelings not only of visitors, but of local players. Several lamen- table accidents occurred in consequence. The In- dian Press very courageously condemned the practice which led to these accidents, and with the issue of the Commander-in-Chief's courteous order, we may hope to see the reform advocated carried out. Bombay, happily, has had a remarkable immunity from fatal accidents. It must, however, be confessed that the reproach of using ponies above the orthodox height does attach to some clubs in the presidency. It is hard to say whether the standard height will recede to the old 13-2 mea- sure, but that it should is, to use the language of the patent medicine advertiser, clearly a desideratum.

The results of the season have been satisfactory. The Presidency City itself was able to put into the field two strong teams, a civilian and a military. In the former there were two veterans whohave played in nearly every Bombay Tournament. Messrs. Barton and Grey have lost much of their old dash and cun- ning, but they are still dangerous opponents, and did excellent service for their side both in Bombay and Poona. Of the two others, Mr. Steele, a fine all round athlete, is a rising player of much promise. His per- formance as a forward is often very brilliant and he can always be depended upon to fight gamely to the end. Mr. Prevost, the Bombay back, is a stout player a good rider, and an accurate hitter, and when he obtains all the coolness necessary for the important position usually allotted to him he will be able to hold his own against most comers. By a strange coincidence the Bombay Gymkhana team met the 7th Fusilier team in the first ties in Bombay and Poona, and were on both occasions worsted by the merest chance. The Gloster Regi- ment supplied the four who did duty for Bombay in the last tournament, and it is a feather in their caps that they played a plucky final, against the Secun- derabad giants. This team will not unfortunately be with us next year, as the Regiment will leave Bombay for Aden. Their loss will be much regretted for it will be difficult to replace them. Of the seven teams that competed in the Poona Tournament, there will be few remaining to take part in the combat next year. The 7th Fusiliers will leave for Quetta early in March, the popular Gunners, who when "Jack" Hanwell captained them, were a match for the 7th Hussars, go south at the end of this month, and of course the classes will all be differently organised next season. But it is to be hoped that others will step in their places, and with such teams as remain, *viz.*, the victors from Mhow, the 3rd (Prince of Wales') Light Cavalry, and the redoubtable Poona Horse the next year's tourna- ment at Poona will be quite as successful as the last. Polo is *par excellence* the national game of India, and with the support and countenance of two such sterling sportsmen as Lord Harris and Sir George Greaves, it must continue to thrive and flourish in this Presidency.

HUNTING AND PAPER-CHASING.

Fox-hunting, or to be more correct Jack-hunting, is indulged in only two towns in this Presidency, Bombay and Poona, and both places supported packs of hounds last season. The record of the Bombay Hunt is a splendid one, but that of Poona is rather poor. In this matter Bombay huntsmen have a distinct advantage over those of the capital of the Deccan, owing to the time of the year at which they hunt. In the months of November, December, and January the climate of the island is admittedly at its best. The mornings are usually fine and crisp, and the scent invariably good. Added to this the country from Mahalakshmi as far as Parla on the one side, and Coorla on the other is the most delightful country to hunt. Huntsmen are always sure of a good run, and a couple or more kills of a morning is far from being an extraordin- ary record. The hounds are well-kennelled and look- ed after by that experienced whip Mr. Bell, at Wor- lee, and are turned out in splendid mettle. At Poona things are rather differently ordered. The hounds are brought out from England at the very worst time of the year. After undergoing a very trying passage in the Red Sea, they are hardly allowed time to recover from its effects, when they are called upon to try conclusions with the wily Deccan Jack, over a most difficult piece of country. They have no proper kennels provided for them, and as no special whip is employed, the care they receive is after all inadequate since it comes from an amateur whose hands are usually full. Last season Colonel Rawlinson was elected the Master of the Poona Hunt, and no better selection could have been made, he was assisted by two such able men as Captains Anderson and Ross. The latter used to spend the best part of a long morning at the temporary kennels at Wanowrie, but for all that, the kills were rare exceptions. The Deccan Jack has been compared to the American coyotte, but in his stony nullahs, I think he beats even the "ornery cuss" of Mark Twain's tale. It is a matter of some surprise that the secre- tary of the Poona Hunt should send to England for a pack, when one that has been regularly hunted in Bombay, and has become acclimatised is available. Lord Harris and Sir George Greaves, who were often out with the hounds in Poona last season, and who will I am sure enjoy many a run with the Bombay hounds during the coming season, have subscribed liberally to the Poona Hunt, and it is said that something will now be done towards the erection of good and well-ventilated kennels.

A favourite pastime in Poona this year, before the hounds began to meet, was paper-chasing. All Poona took part in those delightful runs over coun- try, surveyed by Dr. Bull, the sporting medical offi- cer of that sporting regiment the 3rd Light Cavalry, or by Mr. Corbyn, of the Gunners, or Mr. Hickie, of the Fusiliers. Wet or dry Lord and Lady Harris and Sir George Greaves were invariably present, and al- ways in the first flight. The chase finished up at one or other of the hospitable messes, and the "At Home" that followed was a pleasing reunion of Poona society. As the chases took place at a con- venient hour usually between four and five in the evening it incommoded nobody to turn out—it was little wonder therefore that many who later in the season woke up in the middle of the night to be in time at the meet of the hounds and after a dreary hour of paddling aimlessly about, bedraggled and shivering, looked back respectfully to the time of the paper-chases, and the comforts that came after. Paper-chasing is glorious sport, when the pace is not too slow, and it would be well if the members of the Bombay Hunt could be prevailed upon to hold a few in the approaching season. The sport found great favour with the ladies and gentlemen of Calcutta last year, and there is no reason to suppose that it will be less favourably received in Bombay.—*Verbum Sap.*

LORD HARRIS ON TOUR.

His Excellency the Governor leaves Bombay from the Grant Road station, at 9-35 p. m. to-day, on a tour in Kattiawar. Arriving at Surat early to- morrow morning, he halts there for two days, leaving Surat early on Tuesday morning. Broach has been left out of the programme until the return journey, as his Excellency desires to meet the Viceroy at Abu Road, on the 11th instant. Lord Harris travels by a special train from Wadhwan to Rajkote on the 17th instant. The return journey commences on the 23rd instant, when his Excellency leaves Rajkote by a special train, which takes him to Wadhwan the same day. Mr. S. W. Edgerley, Private Secretary, Colonel Rhodes, Military Secre- tary, Captain Forbes, Aide-de-Camp, and Surgeon Martin, Medical Officer, accompany his Excellency on tour. The following is a revised programme of the tour:—

Nov.			
5	Wednesday.	Leave Mahableshvar.	10 p.m.
6	Thursday.	Arrive Ganesh Khind.	8 a.m.
	,,	Leave Ganesh Khind.	4-30 p.m.
	,,	Arrive Bombay.	10 p.m.
7	Friday.	Halt at Bombay.	.....
8	Saturday.	Leave Grant Road (Mail).	10-5 p.m.
9	Sunday.	Arrive Surat.	3-53 a.m.
10	Monday.	Halt at Surat.	.....
11	Tuesday.	Leave Surat (Mail).	4-10 p.m.
	,,	Arrive Ahmedabad.	9-5 a.m.
	,,	Leave Ahmedabad (Mail).	9-30 p.m.
	,,	Arrive Abu Road.	3-43 p.m.
12	Wednesday.	Leave Abu Road.	Night 2-50 a.m.
	,,	Arrive Nariad.	12-37 p.m.
	,,	Drive Kaira.	About 1 p.m.
13	Thursday.	Drive Mehmadabad.	.....
	,,	Leave Mehmadabad.	2-43 p.m.
	,,	Arrive Ahmedabad.	3-35 p.m.
14	Friday.	} Stop.	
15	Saturday.		
16	Sunday.		
17	Monday.	Leave Ahmedabad.	9-35 a.m.
	,,	Arrive Wadhwan.	12-35 p.m.
	,,	Special { Leave Wadhwan.	.....
	,,	Special { Arrive Vankaner.	.....
	,,	Special { Leave Vankaner.	.....
	,,	Special { Arrive Rajkot.	5 p.m.
18	Tuesday.	Visits—Horse Show.	.....
19	Wednesday.	Return Visits—Darbar.	.....
20	Thursday.	Investiture.	.....
21	Friday.	Races.	.....
22	Saturday.	Prize Distribution, College.	.....
23	Sunday.	Special { Leave Rajkot.	10 a.m.
	,,	Special { Arrive Vankaner.	.....
	,,	Special { Leave Vankaner.	.....
	,,	Special { Arrive Wadhwan.	.....
	,,	Leave Wadhwan.	3-50 p.m.
	,,	Arrive Ahmedabad.	6-55 p.m.
	,,	Leave Ahmedabad.	7-50 p.m.
	,,	Arrive Broach.	11-3 p.m.
	,,	Leave Broach.	11-10 p.m.
24	Monday.	Arrive Dadar.	6-23 a.m.
25	Tuesday.	Leave Parel.	1-55 p.m.
	,,	Arrive Kirkee.	7-22 p.m.

THE TULSI BAUG MEETING.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—*Native Opinion* has honoured me with a reply—or rather two replies—on which I shall make a very brief rejoinder. *Native Opinion* has discreetly said nothing respecting my charge about the Madhav Baug meeting, nor respecting what I called misrepresenta- tion No. II. I therefore say nothing about them also. As to the "principal resolution" being "passed," *Native Opinion* seems to suppose that I was relying on telegrams. I was doing nothing of the sort. I was looking to the full account of the meeting communi- cated to you by one of the promoters, who appears to be Professor Tilak himself. *Native Opinion* cannot deny that Professor Tilak, writing fully and at leisure, is a better authority on such a point than any telegrams. Well, his account in the *Gazette*, and also as far as I recollect in the *Times of India*, does not pretend that any resolution was passed at the meeting at Tulsi Baug, nor, for that matter, does the account in the *Kesari* to which *Native Opinion* refers. And it is hardly candid on the part of the writer in *Native Opinion* to refer to telegrams, when he had the full account supplied by the "promoters" before him. *Native Opinion* also makes a point about the memorial being about to be "largely signed." I said nothing about the signatures, which have nothing to do with the business of the meeting. I must decline at present to join in the discussion of its utterly irrelevant and new issue. Now *Native Opinion* then refers to the "clapping of hands at intervals." Is the writer really so green, or does he really think his readers such gulls, as to suppose, that this "clapping of hands at intervals" by some of those present, for it could be no more, is equivalent to the meeting passing the memorial? "What other out- ward signs," continues this sapient writer, "make up an approval or adoption of it is for him to say." I must, however, decline to teach *Native Opinion* the A B C of the practice of meetings.

Next follows this wonderful sentence moreover since the meeting was held purposely to oppose legislation, what else but the approval and adoption of the said memorial would be the result?" Well, Mr. Editor, I own myself utterly beaten and routed out of the field by this argument. In face of such reasoning, it must be vain to point out that we have nothing to do with *a priori* speculations as to what would be the result, being concerned only with the *bonâ fide* inquiry, what actually did take place? It must also be useless to urge that the meeting was different from those who "pur- posely held it," and that that may sometimes happen, which did happen in England, I believe, at some of the meetings there held during the agitation about the Ilbert Bill, *viz.*, that a meeting "purposely held" to oppose the Ilbert Bill passed a resolution approving the conduct of the Government in introducing that measure.

So much for the English paragraph of *Native Opinion* regarding the "great" meeting. In the Marathi paragraph, there is, as usual, a good deal more of unparliamentary language which I need not notice, a charge of suppressing the truth against the *Indu Prakash*, with which I must decline to embarrass myself, though it does seem to me to be a superlatively feeble one; and an irrelevant allusion to the social conference of last Christmas, which must be separately discussed if *Native Opinion* is serious about it, but which, in any event, has nothing whatever to do with the weight to be attached by Government or the public to the Tulsi Baug Meeting. The plain question is, what did the meeting do? The honest answer is that contained in effect in the pro- moters' account of it. The meeting heard Professor Tilak, and broke up with a statement that the memorial which was read would be sent round for signature. The misleading answer is that which *Native Opinion* gave that the meeting adopted and approved the memorial. It is, of course, quite possible that the meeting would have approved the memorial if asked to vote upon it. It is also possible that there might have been disclosed at least a powerful minority against it if a vote

MISS ELLEN TERRY ON ACTING.

I REMEMBER once writes Miss Ellen Terry in *Treasure Troves*, when I was about ten years old, acting Prince Arthur at the Princess's, Mrs. Charles Kean was teaching me my part, which I was doing very badly. I couldn't get up enough emotion when I was going to have my eyes put out—could not realise the situation. I can hear now Mrs. Kean saying, scornfully, "Do you think you would go on like that if your eyes were really going to be put out? Why, you would make more fuss if you had lost your doll." But I could not rise to the occasion; and at last Mrs. Kean, kind as she usually was, lost patience with me—I think she did it "on purpose"—and I burst out into a paroxysm of sobbing and crying. "That's it! Now say the words and remember how you say them. That's it!" exclaimed Mrs. Kean, delighted. "Bravo! Keep that up and you'll do capitally. Just imitate the way you are crying now another time, and you'll have no more trouble." I was just intelligent enough to catch her meaning, and I have ever since profited by the advice. My reason for telling this anecdote is that it proves how essential a genuine piece of feeling is as a model to imitate. I don't mean to say, after a run of 500 nights, that you can feel your part with the same intensity that you did when the piece began to run. But you must have vividly felt your part at first, or else you will play flatly before many nights are over. The truth is, at the end of a long run you are imitating your own emotions which you felt at the beginning of it, and so the real touch is preserved.

There is, at the same time, a good deal of mechanism in our art. For instance, I have no more difficulty, by an effort of will, in turning deadly pale before your looking-glass than I have in eating my dinner. No actor has a chance of giving the higher side—the emotional side, that is—a fair chance unless he thoroughly master the scientific, the mechanical side of his art. If an actor wants to gain his audience he must lose himself—and that he can never do unless he is deeply and genuinely stirred. Why have some actors the magnetic power and poetic charms which others, though in a sense their acting may be as good, which entirely lack? Because the former have the great gift of feeling their part, while the latter only play it. It is very difficult, however, to draw the exact line where art begins and nature ends. Before it is possible to show that you feel your part it is necessary to have learnt the art of being natural. This seems a contradiction in terms, for it might at least be supposed that Nature could best teach you to be natural. But she cannot. Of course to some actors this gift comes more easily than to others, but all have to acquire it. In the first place you have to learn to be unconscious. It was Mrs. Kean, again, who gave me my first lesson in this very difficult accomplishment. One day—I could not have been more than eleven—she told me to sing to her. I was seized with an awful fit of self-consciousness, and said, "I can't sing, Mrs. Kean." "You'll make a nice actress!" she explained, looking at me sternly—and, fond as I was of her, those eagle eyes always had a terrifying effect on me. "Suppose a manager told you were to play 'Ophelia,' would you tell him you couldn't sing? Go and sing this very moment." Anything—'Yankee Doodle'—anything! Only sing!" And sing I had to, and was convinced by Mrs. Kean that I had been merely self-conscious.

Each actor may have some peculiar, particular, and different difficulty. One finds his voice unmanageable, another his walk, another this, another that. For myself I can perambulate freely enough, and always regret I never learned dancing—stage dancing I means. My particular difficulty is, or rather was, my hands; but I manage them better now. I was once rehearsing a part with a man, a very clever actor, who used his hands exceedingly well—but he had his "difficulty." We were discussing the best way in which he should give me a flower. "Why not do it like this?" said I. "Yes, that is very well," he replied; "but, you see, I shall be there"—pointing to a spot on the stage about five feet off—"and how shall I get to where you are?" "Why, you clown," I jocosely replied, thinking he was in fun; and it was a long time before I came to realise that it was a serious matter to him to stir five feet on the stage unless he had planned out his movements beforehand. But other qualities are necessary before the art of emotion can make itself felt; and those are—imagination, individuality, and industry. Imagination will give the insight required to make an actor one with the character he is assuming; individuality, if sufficiently developed, will enable him to hold any audience; and industry—well, without that no one ever became an artist on the stage or in the studio. I don't mean to say that beauty is not an immense aid to an actress in a successful theatrical career. Still you can get on without beauty, but it is impossible for an actress to achieve any distinction without imagination, individuality and industry. After all, as far as the stage is concerned, beauty has not much power than a favourable criticism; it can attract people—it can make them, perhaps, come once—but it cannot make them stay."

MISS ANDERSON'S MAD LOVER.

A DALZIEL'S telegram, dated New York, Oct. 10, states: Dr. George W. Lloyd, assistant superintendent of the Flatbush Insane Asylum, Brooklyn, was murdered last evening, at half-past five, by James D. Doherty, until recently an inmate of the asylum, and generally regarded as a harmless half-witted creature. Doherty is a man who derived a considerable notoriety some time ago by his attention to Miss Mary Anderson (Mrs. Novarro), and has been known in the newspapers as that actress's "crazy lover." His attentions were so annoying that he was locked up in Flatbush Asylum, but, being allowed a large degree of liberty, he obtained two months ago a false key by means of which he escaped. Little trouble was taken to recover him, as he had not developed homicidal tendencies, and he was frequently seen walking in Broadway.

On Sept. 26 he visited the asylum, where he had an interview with Mr. Fleming, the superintendent. He asked for his clothes, and drawing a revolver threatened to murder Mr. Fleming if they were not given up to him. He recovered his clothes and departed. Nothing was seen of him until Thursday, when he again called. Dr. Lloyd, the assistant superintendent, Dr. M'Greal, Dr. Ashford, and Mr. Schneider a chemist, were sitting in the public office of the asylum when Doherty entered.

They were surprised to see him suddenly appear at the door with two large revolvers, one in each hand. He asked for Mr. Fleming, and appeared to be very excited. Dr. Lloyd tried to soothe the man, and approaching him said, perfectly, calmly and coolly, while Doherty pointed one of his revolvers at him: "You ought to be ashamed of yourself to want to hurt Mr. Fleming. Put your pistol up." Doherty made no reply, but pulled the trigger of the revolver and fired a bullet into Dr. Lloyd's side. It went through the heart and the doctor fell dead. The others rushed out, but Doherty made no attempt to molest them.

Dr. M'Greal ran nearly a mile before he found a policeman. Meantime Doherty sauntered out, and Dr. Ashford, who was waiting near the door, started to follow the murderer. The latter turned round and warned Ashford to keep back or he would kill him. The doctor nevertheless continued to keep Doherty in sight along the deserted road lying between the asylum and the busier Brooklyn streets. He finally hailed a milk wagon and drove to a police-station, where he gave the alarm. Ashford then drove on to the Brooklyn Bridge, as he thought Doherty was making for that point. He therefore notified the policeman who prepared to arrest Doherty should he arrive there. It was not long before Doherty did arrive, and as he stepped upon the bridge Ashford tapped him on the shoulder. As the murderer turned to see who had touched him two policemen sprang upon him and bore him to the ground. He was instantly handcuffed and taken to the nearest police-station, where he was lodged in the cells.

Doherty told the police that he had in on bed to kill ten people, including Fleming. Since his escape Doherty has boarded at Smith and M'Neill's Hotel, near Washington Market, in the dining-room of which he was in the habit of standing for hours before a picture of Mary Anderson. Several letters have been found showing that Doherty did contemplate a series of murders, and that he intended to commit suicide afterwards. He had written out directions for the disposal of his body and his personal effects, and he had sent a letter addressed to Miss Mary Anderson, care of the Clipper newspaper. In this letter he says: "My Mary—I must now bid you good-bye. I wish you all happiness. You deeply wrong me, but I understand the extenuating condition and freely forgive you. It is over thus. I am hurt by those I love. You that I worship so much should not hurt me so much. I have prayed to God for years to give me a mate kind, beautiful and good. If there be mating in heaven, I intend being awful good to you. You are my heroine."

The letter advises Miss Anderson to study spiritualism, and includes much incoherent rubbish. It is signed "Jimmy."

The general belief is that Doherty is another Guiteau. He once followed Mary Anderson over to Europe, and was subsequently arrested in New York for annoying attentions to that lady. He is thirty-five years of age, and has always been very eccentric in his manners and dress.

The employes of Smith and M'Neill's Hotel believe that Doherty is perfectly sane, except for his crazy admiration for Mary Anderson.

STORIES OF COUNT TAAFFE.

COUNT TAAFFE is a convivial soul, who must have his couple of bottles of claret at dinner. When he speaks in the Austrian Parliament he prepares himself for the fray with about half a dozen liqueur glasses of brandy. Thus primed he talks with all the racy humour which he has inherited from his Irish ancestors. It is quite true (says a Berlin gossip) that he does not like Prince Reuss, the German Ambassador in Vienna, and what is more, he proclaims his dislike pretty openly by epigrams which generally reach the infuriated Ambassador's ears. Prince Reuss's proper style and title is Henry VII. (there is a Henry LXIV. in the family), Prince zu Reuss, not von Reuss. He is not head of the house, but having married a Princess Marie of Saxony, who is a Royal Highness, he holds his head aloft as though he were always wearing a helmet with nodding plumes. As, for his wife, she anxiously deliberated when she came to Vienna whether she could treat the other ladies of the diplomatic body on a footing of equality, and before her mind was quite made up she used to write notes beginning without any "Sir" or "Madam," and sign them without any of the courteous forms used in epistolary correspondence. Her quarrel with Countess Taaffe was caused by a note of this description, which the spirited Countess answered by one of like tenour. Count Taaffe is something more than a Minister to Francis Joseph. The two were playfellows when boys, and the intimacy between them is great, inasmuch that the Emperor always addresses Taaffe as "Du" (thou). Nor has Count Taaffe ever followed any policy but such as the Emperor himself highly approved.

CHINESE PROGRESS AND COMPETITION.

AFTER giving numerous examples of Chinese industry, the writer of an article in the *New York Forum*, says:—I lately asked a rich Chinese merchant how his countrymen managed to distance white men so far in inland culture. "Oh," said he, "white man too lazy. Chinaman work all day, and all night too, when moon is shining." And this is true. If the Chinese, here or wherever else their labour is profitable, had the continuous daylight of Arctic summer, they would every day work at least twenty houses. Lights never seem to go out in Chinese laundries by night. Probably no man on the face of the earth gives so little time to sleep as the Chinaman. It has been well said that, compared to the Chinese code of laws, the Persian Zendavesta and the Hindoo Purana are but ravings. Says a writer in the *Edinburgh Review*:—"To turn from the latter to the former, is like passing from darkness to light; from the drivellings of dotage to the exercise of an improved understanding. We scarcely know a European code that is so freed from intricacy, bigotry and fiction." No European Cabinet Minister would dare to talk to his sovereign with the freedom indulged in by the Chinese Emperor's advisers, when the good of the people and common sense require them to ignore his pretensions to be like the Son of Heaven. A more remarkable and more creditable fact is that there is only one order of hereditary nobility in China—the descendants of Confucius. He lived 500 years before Christ; and yet to this day, through all the changes and chances of time and of dynasties, the descendants of Confucius remain the only heriditary noblemen and national pensioners in the empire. Even the Imperial blood becomes diluted, degraded, and absorbed into the body politic after the seventh generation; but the descendants of Confucius remain separate, through all the mutations of time and of Government. It is as if Greece were able to point to the living descendants in direct line of Socrates, Plato, Pericles, or Phidias, still setting them up as the only permanent aristocracy, and still supporting them at the expense of the State. China may be forgiven much for thus making immortal the memory of her great philosopher.

When Europe stormed at the gates of the Chinese Empire and demanded their opening, China, physically weak, could not successfully resist; but she fought with the weapons of deceit, and achieved some remarkable successes by the able exercise of diplomatic lying. These did not save her, it is true, but they lightened her fall. China's progress will be even more remarkable in internal manufacturing development than in industrial and mercantile triumphs over people in other countries. The United States Minister to China has recently reported as follows to the State Department at Washington:—"I have the honour to enclose an imperial decree, commenting on the late proposal of the Viceroy of Canton to develop the iron industry in Tokuang. In order to foster this important industry, he has abolished inland duties on iron and the prohibition against its export. He proposes to investigate by commission the subject of abolishing the heavy duty now levied on furnaces. Such a plan put into force for three years could not involve a large diminution of the revenue, but would greatly benefit the iron-producers by doing away with illegal fees. He proposes also to create a joint-stock company to work the foundries with foreign machinery. It would seem that the mind of this distinguished man, Chang Chi Yung, had undergone a change. He now, while still materially seeking to retain for his own people the benefits of industrial, enterprise, favour, the extensive use of foreign methods in buildings railroads and establishing electric light and foundries. I do not doubt that the next process in his mental development will lead him to the only correct conclusion; that is to say, that foreign talent, honesty, and will power are indispensable to the successful introduction of improvements."

A concession for a railroad, to run from Pekin to Chin-Kiang, on the Yang-tse-Kiang, 600 miles south of Pekin, has also been granted. The development of the mineral and manufacturing resources of China to anything like the degree which both have attained in such a State as Pennsylvania, would relieve the soil from the burden of having to sustain fully one-half, and probably two-thirds, of the total population of that fearfully over-populated empire. No internal development, however, will fully relieve the continuous pressure of over-population; and therefore outside of China beyond all question, the Chinese must find room for themselves. China is no longer shut; China is open; and China's only grievance may be that the world, in its turn, may build an anti-Chinese legal wall against the entrance of her innumerable industrial armies. The world does not know much about China yet; it will soon, however, make more of her acquaintance. She has been hidden in the night of exclusion, oriental sleep, and mental stagnation; she is emerging into the daylight of progress, and toward an activity such as the modern world has never seen. China has been ignorantly despised; but China is worthy of all respect. She is quickly throwing off the clogs to her progress, and is rapidly coming up with the open world in the race of life, with advantages in her favour that cannot well be surpassed. The man who can run for a few minutes in a short race, and make very fast time, is not the equal of him who can run all day. The Chinese are all-day runners, and those who compete with them will need to rise early and sit up late. China has untiring industrial ability, unsurpassed staying powers, and a degree of patience which no other nation can pretend to equal. Friend and enemy of China alike should know these facts. Few do know them.

ANGLING IN THE DARK CONTINENT.

MR. H. M. STANLEY, the celebrated African explorer, was (says the *Fishing Gazette*) in our office the other day, and, after congratulating him on the evident great improvement in his health, we took the opportunity of asking him how it was his expedition did not do some fishing.

"Ah," he said it, Mr. Stanley, that you did not get more fish? If your men had been able to fish you would have had plenty of food."

"My dear Mr. Marston," said Mr. S., "though you edited all the *Fishing Gazettes* in the world, and had been with me, I am quite sure you would never have asked me to let you stop to fish. Like the rest of us, you would have been eager to press on to the gardens and banana plantations. As a recreation, fishing is all very well, but if you wanted your dinner, and had the choice of getting it in a Strand restaurant or fishing for it in the Thames—well," said Mr. Stanley, smiling, "that's much about as it was with us."

And then as though to convey another delicate hint that those who fished for their dinners did not always get them, he said:—

"I remember on one occasion seeing Lieutenant Stairs fishing for hours from a rock, and he only caught one or two little fish, yet he had a rod and a hook, and string, and a *bait*." Mr. Stanley, emphasized the word but strongly.

"But surely, Mr. Stanley, there were fish in the rivers you met with and marched along?"

"Oh, yes, plenty of fish, and fine ones too."

And then Mr. S. proceeded to tell us a little fish story, which takes the cake this week.

"I saw," he said, "one of our men catch a fish which had another fish inside him, and that fish had a big fish inside him also, so he caught three fish at once."

"Was it a large fish?" we said.

"Oh, yes, a big fellow."

"As big as that trout?" pointing to a 10 lb. Thames trout in a glass case which hangs on our office wall.

"Larger than that" said Mr. Stanley.

"My dear sir, if we each had had fishing-rods and lines, instead of losing as many men as we did we should have lost all."

A non-angling friend who was present suggested that a net might have been useful.

"Ah!" said Mr. S., "if we only had a big net and a big crane fastened over the river, we should have had some big hauls of fish, doubtless."

It was no use, we could not convince Mr. Stanley that the ancient art and mystery of fishing—an art as old as mankind—would have been of any use to him on his expeditions. On the other hand, we cannot admit that he convinced us that it would not.

Mr. Stanley's own little fish story *proves* that large and small fish abound, unless the distinguished traveller, having entered the Benedictine order, considers that the copper kettle would be a useful addition to his household gods, and was competing for it; anyway he must have wanted a big kettle to cook that fish in.

FIRE AT CHRIST'S HOSPITAL.

SHADES of Charles Lamb and Leigh Hunt! The historic home of the Bluecoat Boys afire! As soon, writes the *Pall Mall Gazette*, would one expect to hear that Windsor Castle or Westminster Abbey had been burned to the ground. Fortunately although it is literally true that a very small portion of the Newgate-street building was found to be in flames, no great damage was done, and, in the conventional language of Captain Shaw's reports, "the fire was speedily got under." The alarm was quickly given, and in a few minutes no less than eight engines were on the spot. A ladder was quickly raised towards the burning rooms, forming part of the dormitories, and all fear of serious disaster was quickly at an end. As in so many similar cases, the cause of the outbreak (Capt. Shaw plus penny-a-liner, again!) was at first shrouded in obscurity, but there were sinister rumours of that "overheated flue" which at this time of the year is so invincible a sinner. In spite of the unwonted sight of the red fire-engines in the playing-yard, and the brass helmets of the firemen, the police managed to keep the traffic on the move with no worse [illegible]nce than the inevitable slop at the point [illegible]hose was joint to the main." There [illegible]d, of course, in the adjacent street [illegible]nt sightseers soondis covered the [illegible]thing to see, save a couple of [illegible]grimed windows, and quickly b[illegible]. From later accounts it appears that some clothes which were being "aired" in the matron's roomcaught fire. The flames exploded a gas-pipe in the dormitory (ward 12), and quickly spread to ward 13. The boys' own engine rendered valuable "first aid," and helped the putting of the wards by fire and water, the chief damage done is to wearing apparel and footbull and swimming prize cups. As a precautionary measure, the firemen mounted the roof of the "Giffs," which tradition declares to be anterior to the Great Fire of London, and cooled its slates with a heavy shower from their hose. When all danger was past the 750 boys were mustered in the quadrangle and marched off to their dinner and lessons. The subjects on which they congratulated each other most were that Lord Rosebery's "fives cup" was undoubtedly safe, and that after all they would be able to play "the final" for the football cup in the old quadrangle.

IN spite of the almost ideally beautiful weather we are enjoying (says a Paris correspondent), influenza has made its reappearance in Paris. Within the circle of my own acquaintance I happen to know of not less than ten cases. From ten o'clock till four the sun shines brightly, and the air is warm and balmy; but there is a great deal of mist at night and in the early morning, when the weather is decidedly chilly.

HOW RUSSIA PERSECUTES THE JEW.

THE following is summarised partly from the *Fortnightly Review* and in part from *Blackwoods' Magazine*:—In Russia the present legal status of the Jew is that of an alien. The spirit of the laws which regulate his position may be briefly summed up as follows:—The Jew is assumed to be an individual against whose treacherous wiles the authorities must always be on their guard. He has no rights or privileges, except such as have been specially granted him by Imperial statute, and his enjoyment or even these is precarious. His conduct and occupations must be regulated by special legislation, and he must on no account be allowed, so long as he remains true to his faith, to acquire the position of a permanent inhabitant of the country. It is chiefly as a trader that the Jew excites the jealousy of his neighbours. Trade is his general occupation, and in it he is undoubtedly a powerful rival to the Russians with whom he competes, and whom he will always try to undersell. The general accusation against the jews of immorality resolves itself, when examined, into charges of defrauding the peasantry of smuggling, coining and forging, and of avoidance of their duties as citizens, particularly in the matter of army service. The first of these charges we have already considered. With regard to the others, it must be conceded that the smugglers, coiners, and forgers, who are brought to justice are often Jews, but smuggling is only practicable on a large scale on the western frontier, and that is exactly where oppressive legislation forces the Jews to congregate, and at the same time denies them the right of freely selecting their means of livelihood. Two other charges have also recently been brought against the Jews—namely, that they have a regular system of combination for evil purposes, and that large numbers of them are to be found as active members of the revolutionary party. The first of these accusations is too vague and general to be seriously dealt with; and, with regard to the second, the charge is disproved by facts. The number of Jews among the persons who have been arrested and tried as Nihilists is exceedingly small, and on this subject there can be no mistake, as the names and status of the condemned have been published officially. Mladetsky, who was hanged for the attempted assassination of Loris Melikoff, was certainly of Jewish origin; but he embraced the crucifix on the scaffold and had long been a Christian, and therefore dissociated from his co-religionists. The woman Helfmann, who was condemned in St. Petersburg for complicity in the assassination of the late Czar, and a woman named Lowinsohn, who was previously condemned as a Nihilist at Kieff, were Jewesses; but both these women were proved to have been living as the mistresses of Christian associates, and this fact alone shows that they had completely separated themselves from their own people.

For every animal, fowl, and bird killed for food according to Jewish rites (Kosher) a fixed sum has to be paid. And on every pound of that same meat, and on every one of those identical fowls, an additional sum is levied when they are sold. Jews who have taken their degrees in universities, or have succeeded in gaining admission to a learned profession, may, on satisfying their batcher that they are doctors or masters, purchase certain quantity of animal food free of this duty, namely, two pounds and a half of meat a day if the privileged person is single and four pounds and a half if married; he may also, if a bachelor, purchase on the same advantageous conditions one fowl or bird daily, and two if he be a family man. In addition to this there is a candle tax, the proceeds of which are employed to support those denominational schools with which the Jews would most gladly dispense if they were allowed to avail themselves of the ordinary educational establishments, to which they have quite as much right as their Christian fellow-subjects. Over and above these oppressive tributes, all Jews have to pay a certain percentage—from which Christians are, of course, exempt—on the rent they receive for their houses, shops, stores, granaries and on the gross income they receive from the sale of wine in public-houses and inns; they are likewise subject to a special annual tax on distilleries and breweries, glass works, copper and iron works, tar, pitch, and oil boiling establishments, and on all cattle-breeders. In addition to this, all money left by deceased Jews pays a fixed percentage to the same common fund; and finally a fine is paid for the authorisation to wear Hebrew apparel. "All Jews who desire to wear a skull cap" (I am quoting textually from the Statute Book) "are hereby subjected to a permanent tax of neither more or less (*sic!*) than five silver roubles a year each." This is not an extract from obsolete laws framed during the Middle Ages, but a clause of a law drawn up in the last quarter of the sober nineteenth century, and strictly enforced to-day.

Every sordid motive that a legislator well versed in this lower branch of his profession could suggest is put before the Jew to induce him to abandon the faith of his forefathers, without replacing it by anything betters Privileges denied his brethren, money and its various equivalents, even the hope of unlawful plunder, have been deliberately relied upon by those professors of Christianity to tempt the Hebrew to please his Emperor by denying his God. Imagine one of those lean, cadaverous caricatures of humanity who crowd the cities of the Pale, and whose existence under the actual circumstances is a stronger argument against Russian Christianity than any that could be drawn from the writings of Strauss or Huxley; and suppose that accident or design puts in his power to defraud a wealthy co-religionist by abusing his confidence, or by downright robbery. He succumbs to the temptation, beggars his brother,and immediately becomes a member of the Orthodox Church, as a sort of corollary. His victim prosecutes him and summons a cloud of credible, respectable witnesses who can prove the charge to the satisfaction of the most sceptical. He, on his side, subborns two or three abandoned Christian wretches, whose life is one coarse libel on Christianity. The case comes on, and the Jew is triumphantly acquitted, quoting Article 330 of the Tenth Volume of Laws, will refuse to allow the Jewish witnesses to depose against the defendant,l because they are naturally supposed to bear a grudge against an apostate; and the lighthearted perjury of the Orthodox Christians (which costs, as we have seen, but a small measure of *vodka*) sets the seal of legality on crimes that would send their author into pena servitude in England.

THE DUKE OF ARGYLL'S EXPERIENCE OF HYPNOTISM.

THE *Spectator* published a letter by the Duke of Argyll on Hypnotism. The Duke relates what he saw on one occasion in the house of the late Dr. Gregory, Professor of Chemistry in the University of Edinburgh. A young officer of the garrison then in Edinburgh Castle was made to act in almost any character suggested to him. From choosing a horse at a market to shooting grouse on a moor, he went through all the appropriate movements, and if he had not been prevented he would have walked out on the window-ledge in trying to pick up some imaginary fallen birds. It was impossible to doubt that every suggestion took the form of the most vivid dream, in which he actually did what many of us think we do in dreams. I am not sure that I think this very mysterious. It is an exaggeration—a curious exaggeration, indeed, but still only an exaggeration—of what happens in ordinary dreams. Still, the power of producing this condition artificially places undoubtedly a most dangerous power in the hands of other men. I need hardly point out the thoughts which must occur to us as to the dim light it may throw on the possible work of spiritual agencies, on the temptations—consequently on the conduct of men. But I saw also on that occasion a case of what is called 'clairvoyance,' which was much more astonishing. Some one was asked to think steadily of some familiar scene—a house or a room, or any object of which one could form a vivid mental image. On taking the hand of the mesmeric or hypnotised person, the image became visible to him or her, and was read off or described by the clairvoyant. Trying this experiment myself, I thought of a special room in a friend's house in England, which was very peculiarly and almost fantastically furnished. I imagined it in my mind with that distinctness which we are all able to give to the stores of recent memory, and awaited the result. I can only say that it was the result which astounded me. The clairvoyant described it with all its specialties and unique features, as if she saw it, but saw it with difficulty through some darkness, which it repaired some groping to penetrate. Not a word was spoken by me. She made out her vision with extraordinary truth. This happened now nearly forty years ago, but it left an indelible impression on my mind. I was convinced then, and I am convinced now, that the power of clairvoyance, as above defined and limited, was however incomprehensible, a real power. I felt also, however, that the whole phenomena bordered on a region into which it is hardly safe to enter. It is well to feel in so practical a form the truth of the saying that there are more things in heaven and earth than are dreamed of in our philosophy.

INTERESTING ARCHAEOLOGICAL DISCOVERY IN THE CRIMEA.

MR. BARNES STEVENI, the author of the article describing Captain Pjeshkoff's ride of 5,000 miles, published in the *United Service Magazine*, writes "During the writer's late journey through the South of Russia and the Caucasus his attention was frequently arrested by the immense number of 'koorgans,' or 'tumuli,' which are to be found in these parts of Russia, as also in the Crimea. These objects of antiquity are so numerous that there must at least be several thousands of them in European Russia alone. A friend of the writer's, who had opened some of these burial mounds, or 'tumuli,' in the Caucasus whilst making a railway cutting, discovered 5 lbs. of gold in one of them, also two small chamber decorated with frescoes. The gold mostly consisted of jewelry, or portions of ornaments belonging to the harness and armour worn during the age of the Scythians. Another burial mound has only lately been opened at Simpheropoln in the Crimea, at a place called the 'Golden Mound.' Four 'tumuli' were found at this place and opened by the members of a Russian archæological society. In one of them the excavators discovered the skeleton of an immense man with his head towards the east, and resting on his round iron shield. The neck of the deceased was encircled by a massive gold ring, or 'torque.' On the breast of the skeleton there was found the shoulder-blade of a horse, probably the remains of what had once been the favourite steed of the dead warrior. In a vessel close by the workmen found twenty-five gold and thirty-nine brass buttons or brooches, decorated with various kinds of ornamental work. A short iron sword, rusted with age, was also found by the side of the dead Scythian. The only object which was in a good state of preservation was the golden sheath of a knife. Among the other objects discovered was a wooded quiver containing 200 arrows. The shield on which the body had been buried was oval in shape and composed of small round pieces of metal thickly nailed on a wooden surface. Besides the abovementioned articles of interest there were found a great many fragments of clothing decorated with small thin silver coins. The excavators, who found several other objects of interest, believe that this burial mound is the tomb of a Scythian or Sarmat chieftain of high rank." We also furnish some additional facts on this subject in another part of this issue.

THE GAS GUN.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Pall Mall Gazette* has had an interview with M. Giffard, the Inventor, among the bustling crowd of leisured travellers that chat and lounge and give each other rendezvous in the stately hall of the Hotel Metropole an elderly gentleman may occasionally be seen. He walks rather slowly, and never seems to see the pretty ladies, the gorgeous beaux, the comely matrons, and the groups of men who love to linger under the palms and on the settees and easy chairs. There is a concentrated, absent look in his eyes, and just a touch of *gaucherie* in his movements. He is (writes a representative) M. Giffard, the inventor of the wonderful Giffard gun, of which rumours had long been current in our military circles, and which was for the first time exhibited in England at the headquarters of the London Scottish Rifle Volunteers a few months ago. To the uninitiated the gun hardly differs from any ordinary rifle, except that a small tough steel tube runs from the lock along the barrel for a distance of about nine inches. In this insignificant looking tube there is contained a liquid strong as the strongest poison, for a single drop of it is enough to send forth the death-dealing bullet. And this it accomplishes so silently, so entirely without outward and visible signs of the inner working, that if the Giffard gun is ever adopted as a weapon of war, the battles of the future will be as silent as were the attack of the savages who knew of no other weapon than the primitive bow and arrow.

"What was it, monsieur, that first gave you the idea of making use of this force which, until you began to imprison it in tubes and Capsules, was freely floating about space? The source of Watt's inspiration was the bubbling kettle on the hearth; did your discoveries depend on a similar instrument?"—"Mais oui," replied the old man, his face once again assuming the concentrated look that gave his eyes a peculiar brilliancy, and that made it a pleasure to watch the mobile face with the childlike expression, so curiously blended with that of keenest intellect. "Mais oui, it was just such another chance." I was at the lycee, and I was very young, and fond of throwing any projectiles. One day I got a sling into my hands; just such another, I used to think, as Goliath (or was it David?) used when he killed his foe. It struck me there and then that there must be some natural law by which projectiles are sent through space, and that it would be interesting to find out this law, and force it into the service of science. The thought did not leave me again. In the pursuit of this one end I have spent all my life, and hope to spend the years which still remain to me."

"From the lycee," continued M. Giffard, "I went into the atelier. Fortunately I was able to devote all my time to my experiments and researches, and thus I went on day after day, month after month, year after year. It was only after many years that I found what I was looking for; but meanwhile I made other discoveries, resulting from my experiments, and some of these are now used all over the world.

"I won't tell you of the experiments I have been making at the Paris Gas Company for nearly twenty years, for the compression of steam and air, and the liquefaction of gas, but the Giffard gun is the outcome of it. The French Government have brought the rights for the rifle as a weapon of war, and Colt's you know, the American firm of small arms manufacturers, have bought the rights to the patents for £200,000. And shall I tell you what else our people at St. Etienne have done? They have given me not only the rare distinction of a gold medal, but also an award of 10,000 francs, and they are now experimenting on the application of the liquefied gas to cannon of the largest size. You see, a prophet is not always despised in his own country."

"I accept my congratulations. But now for the actual virtues and advantages of your gun. How does it differ from the ordinary rifle?"—"It differs, first and foremost, from every other gun in not requiring any powder. The liquefied gas is one of the most powerful propulsives known. One drop of it enters the breech of the gun when the trigger is pulled, and behind the bullet it develops a force equal to 500 lb. pressure on the square inch. By a turn of the screw you can regulate the speed of the bullet from the least possible velocity without noise, smoke, smell, heat, or recoil. There is no danger of explosion and my substitute for gunpowder is infinitely cheaper, from 250 to 300 bullets being fired off with it at the cost of about a penny. Infinite possibilities lies behind this invention, and the liquefied gas will yet revolutionize all our present theories concerning steam and other motive powers."

"You would like to know about my system of work? Why, that is very simple. First of all, I must be left alone, and have plenty of time to myself." My laboratory at Paris is in the neighbourhood of the Place de la Republique. No one but myself and a few of the initiated ever enter it, not even my lawyer. And there I work; yes, all day long, and sometimes for weeks, without any visible result, till I get sick and tired of it, and go off and walk in the Bois, and think and puzzle till I am driven back to my mathematical calculations."

M. BEAUREPAIRE'S GOUFFE INDICTMENT.

THE indictment drawn up by the Public Prosecutor, M. Quesnay de Beaurepaire, against Eyraud and Gabrielle Bompard, the murderers of M. Gouffe, is written in an almost sensational style, which belongs rather to the novelist than to the bar.

Eyraud, says a home paper, is depicted by M. de Beaurepaire as utterly devoid of any sort of moral sense, incapable of feeling remorse, violent-tempered, capable of any and every thing, and without a spark of probity. In 1863 he formed part of the Mexican expedition and deserted. Later on having married an honest and respectable young lady, he squandered the dower of forty thousand francs she brought him. At the head of a distillery at Sevres he ruined himself in immorality carried on in restaurants close to his conjugal domicile. He was declared bankrupt, with liabilities of four hundred and fifty thousand francs, and no assets. Reduced to expedient he sought to get possession of his mother's property, and as she offered resistance he threatened to kill her. Eyraud at last found a commission agent, named Fribourg, who accepted him as a partner. It was not long before he had ruined Fribourg, who, with Eyraud, was declared bankrupt. His acquaintance with Gabrielle Bompard dates from 1888.

Gabrielle is the daughter of a respectable merchant of the Department of the Nord. She was placed in good schools in France and in Belgium. She was, however, expelled from all of them on account of her vicious and rebellious character. At last her father placed her in a disciplinary institution. On returning home she indulged in numerous intrigues, and soon found the country town too small for her ambition. She started for Paris, where she seems to have been almost completely left by her father to her own resources. On the first instance she sent him a few hundred francs, and that is all. It was then she became Eyraud's mistress, but, he having no money, it was Gabriello who procured by intrigues with rich men the resources that she and Eyraud required. After a time the money procured in this shameful manner became insufficient, and they decided to decoy some rich victim into a conveniently solitary house, and there to rob him, alive or dead. Who the victim was to be they did not know when they hired a furnished apartment on the ground floor of 6, Rue de Berne, and it was agreed that Bompard was to take possession in a few days.

Eyraud meanwhile had fled to London to escape prosecution for swindling. The woman followed him there, and they matured their murderous plan. Having arranged all its details, they purchased a trunk to contain the body, an unusually strong *cordajeu*, a false beard for Eyraud, and a pulley and several yards of cord. Returning to Paris with this horrible baggage, Eyraud and Gabrielle Bompard wanted to take possession of the apartment at 6, Rue de Berne, but the period agreed on having expired, the landlady had let it to another person. It was under these circumstances that they hired the apartment in Rue Troncon Ducoudray. It was only at that moment they chose their victim.

A NEW LIFE OF CHRIST.

SOME years ago, writes a Paris correspondent, a Dominican still young, of ardent eloquence and good presence, endeavouring to instil his own convictions into the minds of his hearers, drew a crowd to the Paris church where he was preaching God's word and expounding it according to Catholic doctrines. His reputation excited the attention of his superiors; some of the ideas put forward disquieted them, the vision of Lamennais and Hyacinthe came up before them at the new preacher's voice, and Pere Didon had to suspend his sermons, tear himself away from his growing success, and disappear from the pulpit on which he had shed so brief but so great a lustre. He was assigned the Monastery of Corbara, in Corsica, as a place of repentance and meditation.

He obeyed without hesitation and without a murmur. He remained there two years. Of all the virtues of the Master whom he served His mildness and humility struck him the most. He defers to the decree of his chiefs. He goes to Corbara, and for long months in sith black solitude he meditates and prays. He is struck by the idea of writing a life of Christ, or, rather, of narrating Christ's birth, His acts, His Sufferings, His aim, His glorification. He resolves to see for himself in the land where He was born, lived, spoke, acted, suffered, died, and rose again. He spends his time in his solitude in preparing himself for the work he contemplates. He lives, as it were, with Christ, sees, hears, follows, and, above all, comprehends Him.

On leaving Corbara, having there known the ecstacy of solitary adoration and mastered all the documents of the cause which is his own, he goes all through Palestine, sees all the Provinces, towns, villages, mountains, valleys, and streams amid which Jesus lived, and he prays before the rocks on which "Jesus perhaps rested." He will write a book admirable in faith, enthusiasm, and grandeur. He will speak the finest language which a French tongue can speak—a language, as the short preface says, "both simple and lofty, responding to the grandeur of the subject," and he will offer the Catholic and Christian faith an additional monument to the true Divinity of Christ.

"I NOTICED one curious thing," writes a correspondent from Jhelum, "during the last day of the Dusserah festivities, that the Hindus were all anxious to find, if possible, a specimen of the goldfinch, or *gurur* bird, and were willing to pay handsomely for a mere look at one, as they say that it is recorded in the *Ramayan* that whoever looks at a goldfinch on this day gets *mukhti*, or redemption however great a sinner he may have been. I am told that in Ajudhia, a Mahomedan happened to possess a goldfinch on the Dusserah day, and made a handsome income by it, charging for showing it to Hindu worshippers, amounts ranging from Rs. 5 downwards."

"UNEASY rests the head that wears a Crown," unless it's polished with SAPOLIO. It is a solid Cake of Scouring Soap. Try it in your next house-cleaning. Agents.—H. BALLANTINE and SONS, 11, Hornby Row, Bombay.

A NOBLE "TUSKER."

A "PIG-STICKING" correspondent writes to the *Globe*:—

The monsoons are over, and the Indian plains are looking comparatively fresh and green after the long spell of heavy rains, while the mornings and evenings have become quite cool and pleasant, although the heat during the day is still intense. We are out in camp—six of us—some ten miles from Oude, under the delicious shade of a sweet-scented tamarind grove. Our host, the Commissioner, who entertains us right royally in his "dewankhana," or big dining-tent, is a genial, hopitable old "Shikaree," and though now rather stiff in the saddle, an enthusiastic "pig-sticker." He takes a delight in gathering together a few hard-riding friends for about of this princely sport on the neighbouring plains; hence our present jovial party. We are all old hands, with the exception of two subalterns from the Central India Horse, between whom there seems to be no little rivalry and wagering as to the getting of that coveted "first spear" on the morrow.

The site for our camp is well chosen, with a fine open country stretching on all sides, admirably adapted for riding down the mighty boar, and plenty of jungle patches and sugar "khets" near at hand, affording excellent covert and abounding with "pig!" the general flatness of the scenery being relieved by the blue Nepaul hills in the distant background.

The nights are marvellously brilliant just now, with a tropical moon turning darkness into day; and there is a crisp freshness in the air which makes it easy to sit round a blazing log-fire outside the mess-tent after dinner. There, lounging in our easy chairs, with a Trichinopoly cheroot between our lips and an iced "pog" (otherwise brandy and soda) at our elbow, we tell stories, run over our individual sporting

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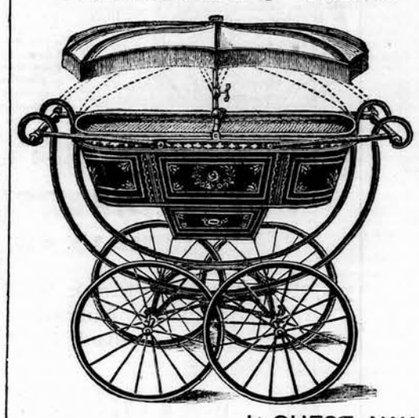

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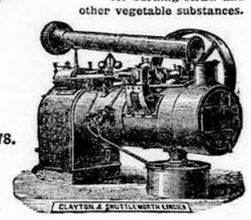

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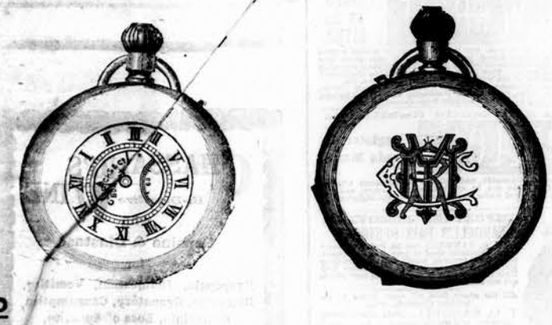

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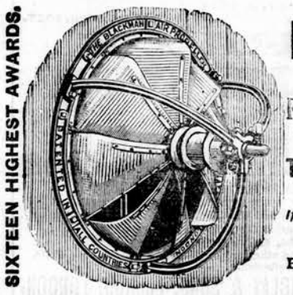

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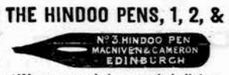

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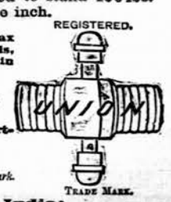

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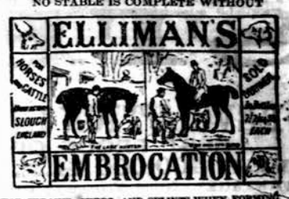

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